Recycling Construction Demolition Debris for Stormwater Management

Primera

BMP Case Studies: South Shore High School Demolition & Rosenblum Park

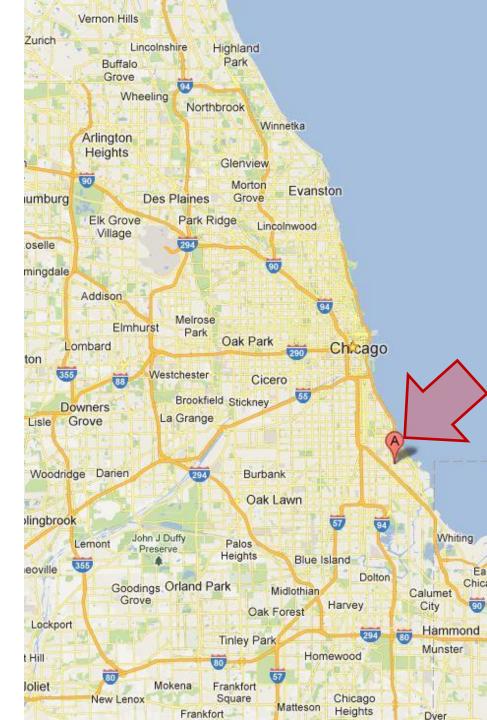
Presented by: Nicholas Smith, PE, CFM, CPESC

Objective

- Recycling Concrete Aggregate (RCA) for stormwater management
 - -Sustainable
 - -Cost Effective
 - -Maximizes Usable Land
 - -Fine Particle Deposits
 - -Sedimentation Considerations

Location

- South Shore
 Neighborhood of
 Chicago
- Loose to Medium
 Dense Brown Sand
- Infiltration Rate: 2.5 in/hr



Project Background

Site:

South Shore High School

Building Footprint: 50,000 sq.ft.

Concrete Debris Estimate: 20,000 cu.yd.



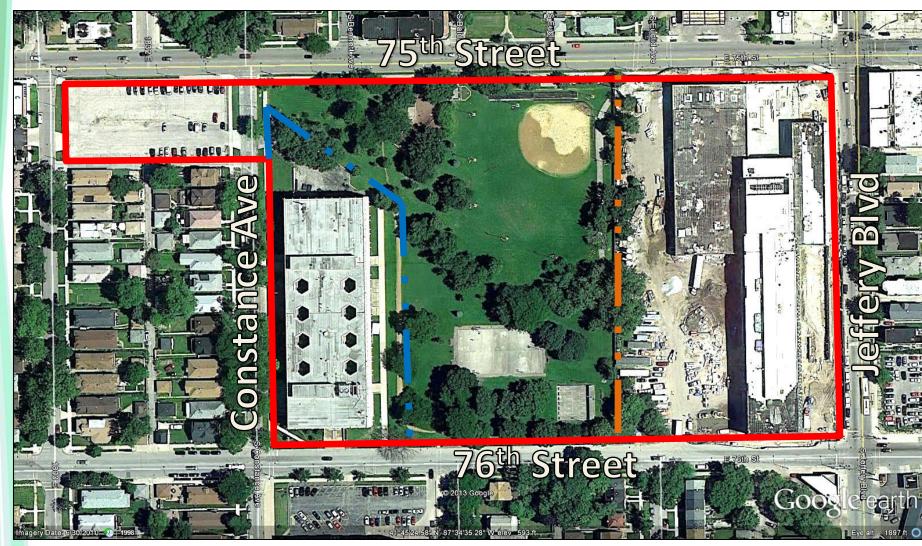
Project Background

- Client Public Building Commission of Chicago
- Permitting Agency City of Chicago DWM
- Demolition Budget \$3.5 Million
- Construction Costs \$2.5 Million
- Improvements Area 9.7 acres
- Required Detention 1.5 acre-ft
- Storage Provided 2.5 acre-ft









Traditional Building Demolition

- Salvage
- Recycle
- Bury
- Landfill
- CCDD



CCDD

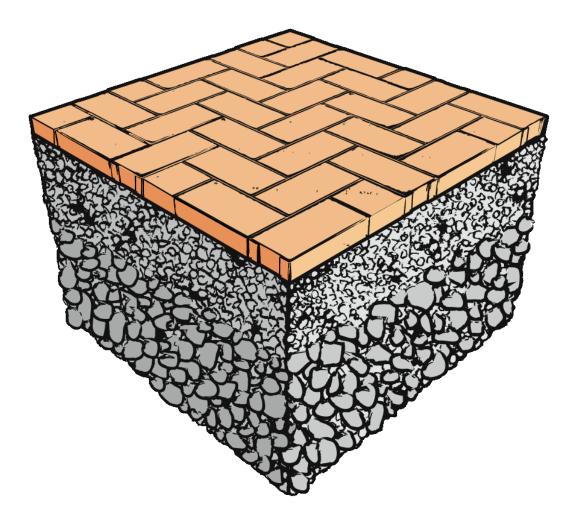
- Clean Construction or
 Demolition Debris revisions
- Resulting in high
 export cost
- Critical to balance the concrete and earthwork





Detention in Stone

- Utilized a void ratio of 38% for CA-1
- Validated by field tests



Recycled Concrete Aggregate

- Reduces the need for gravel mining
- Reduces hauling costs
- Reduce the concrete debris to CCDD
- On-site Crushing and Screening equipment becoming more common
- Versatile enough to be substituted for many virgin stone applications
- Cost effective at 2,000 cu.yd.

Complications of using RCA

- Leaching results in high pH
- Fine particle are self-cementing

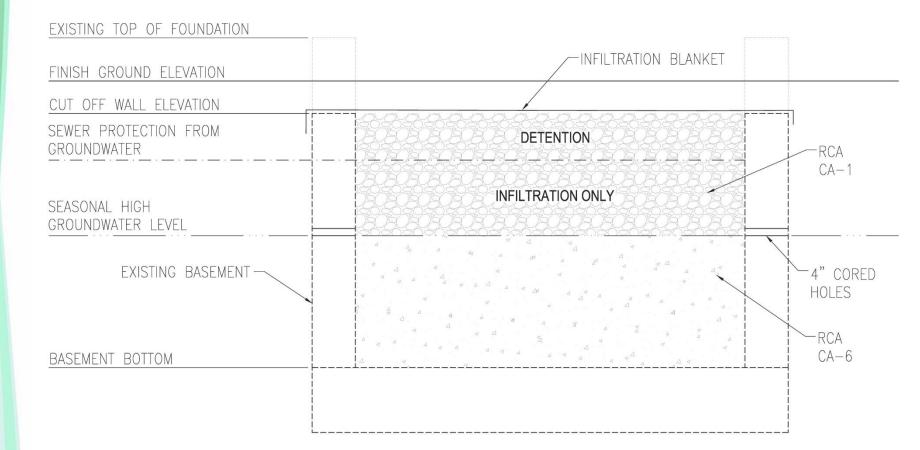


Infiltration Basin

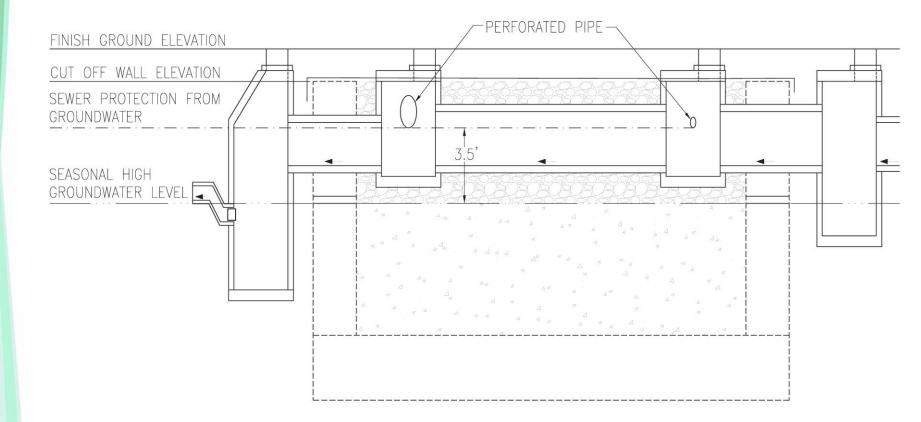




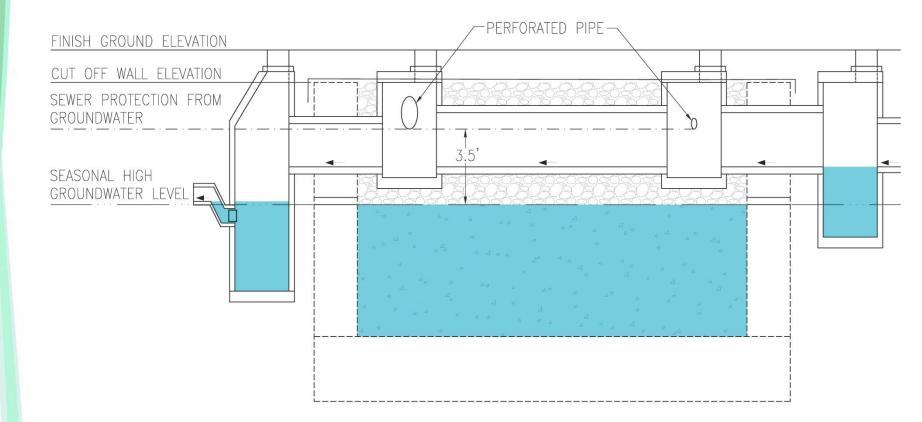
Infiltration Basin Design



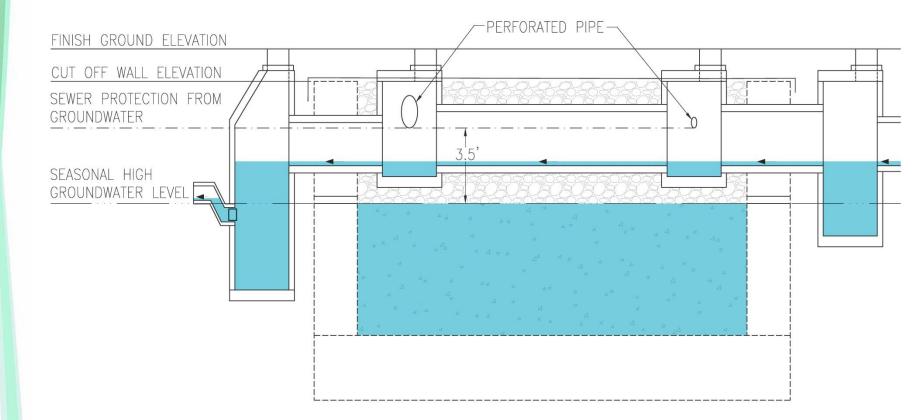




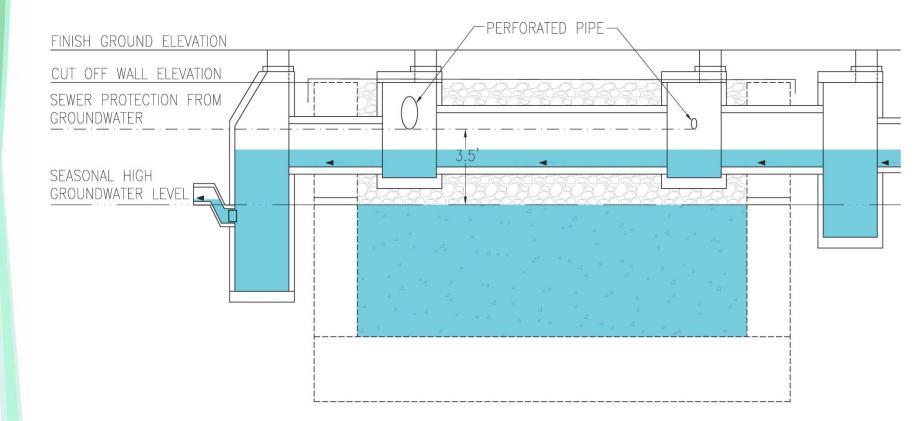




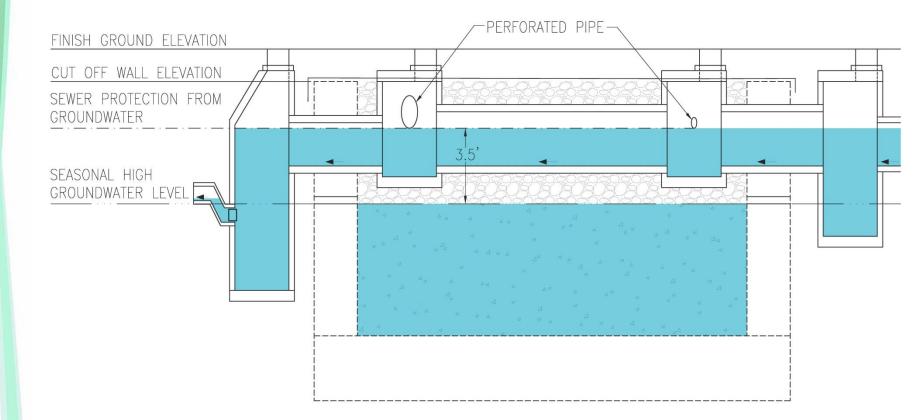




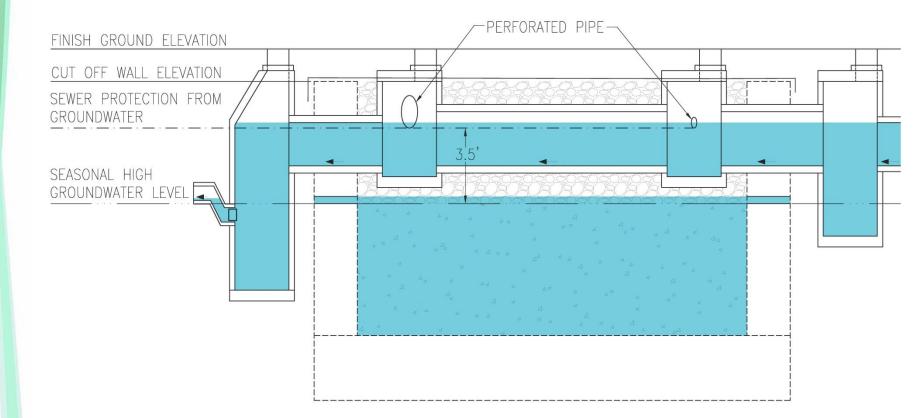




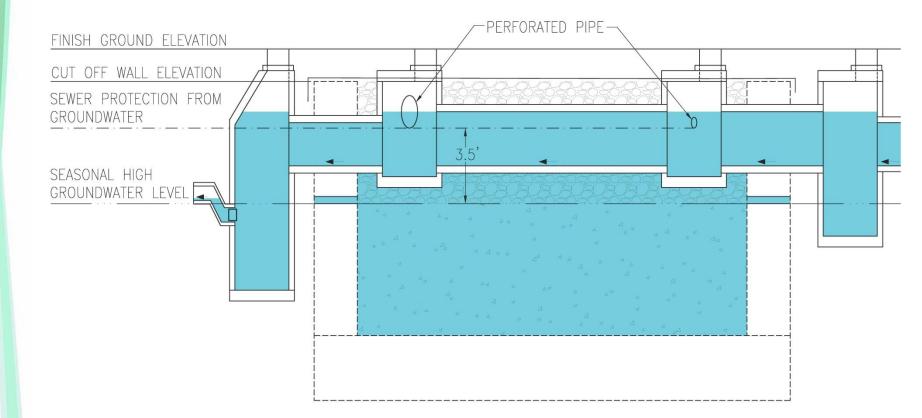




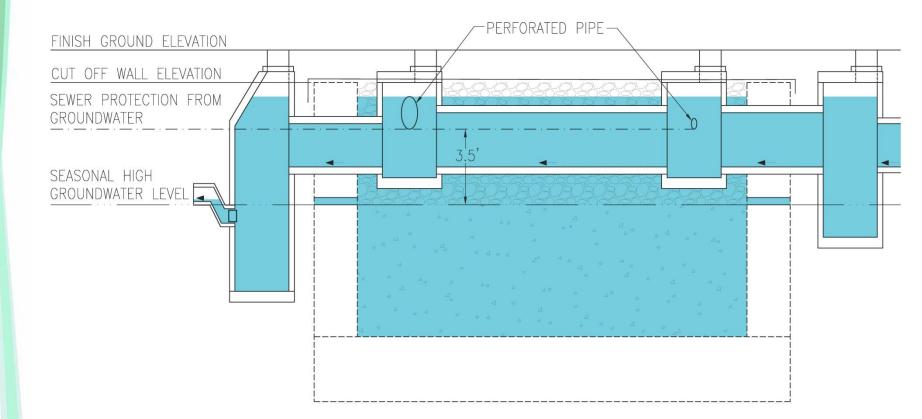




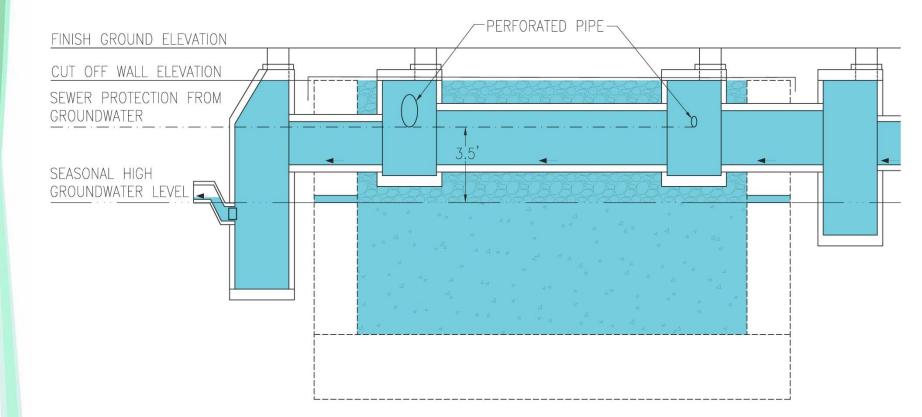




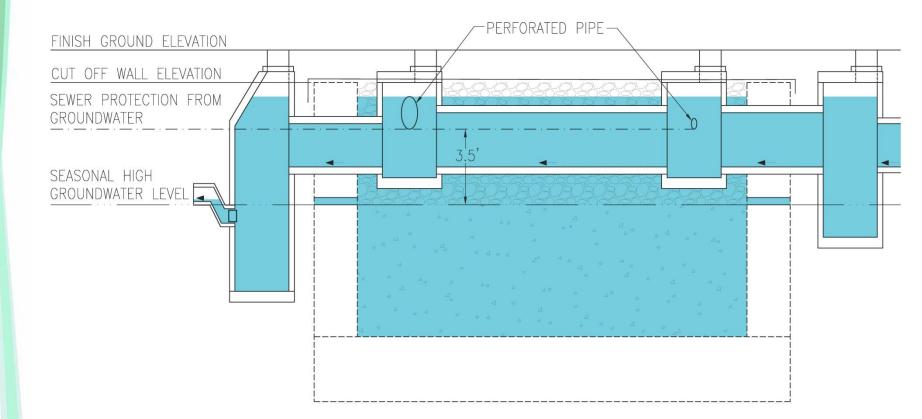




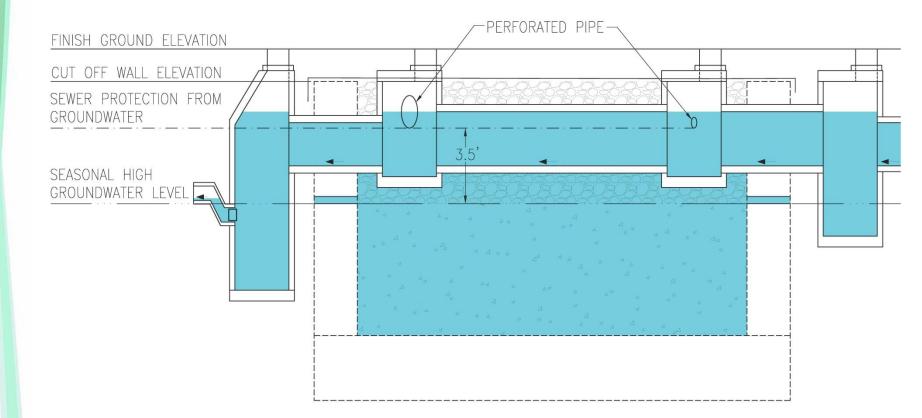




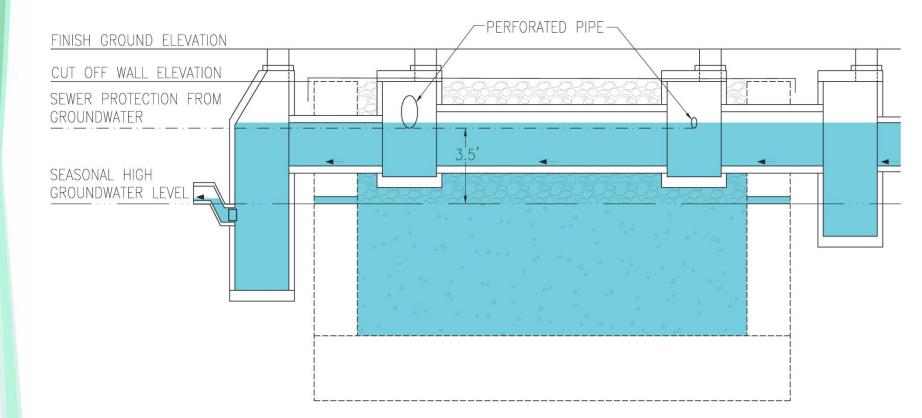




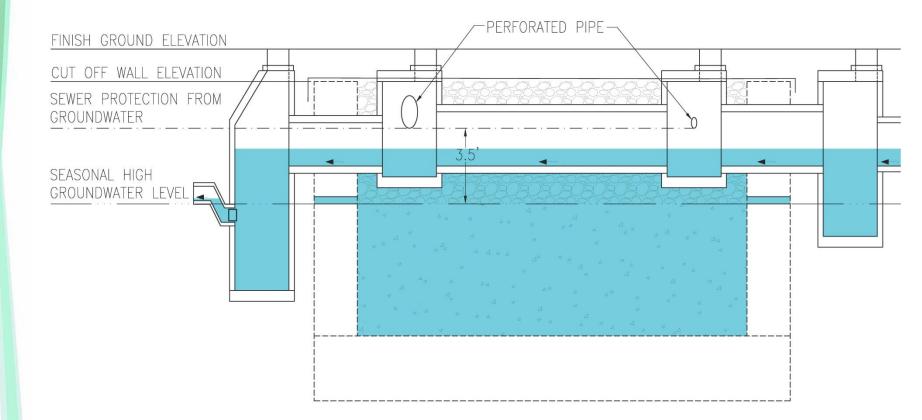




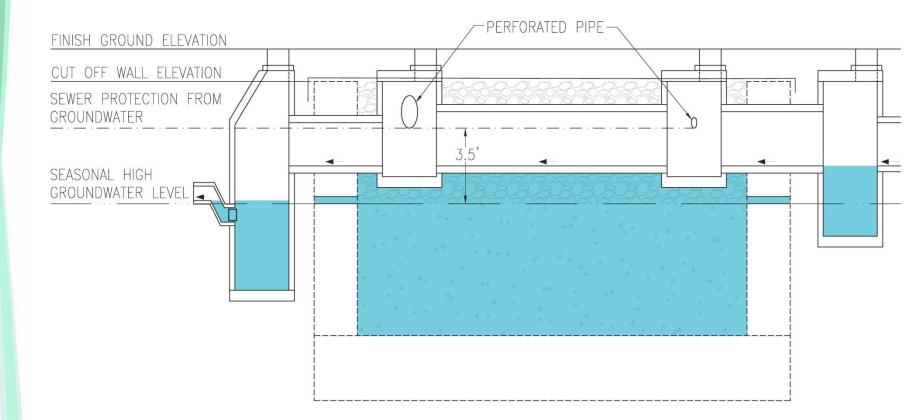




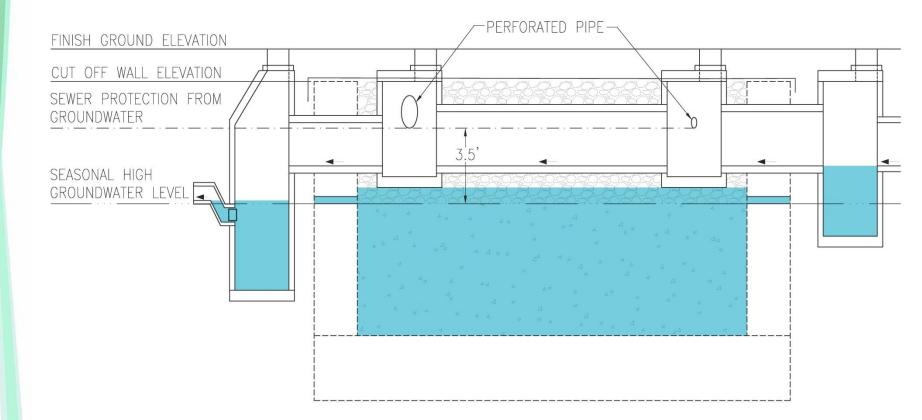




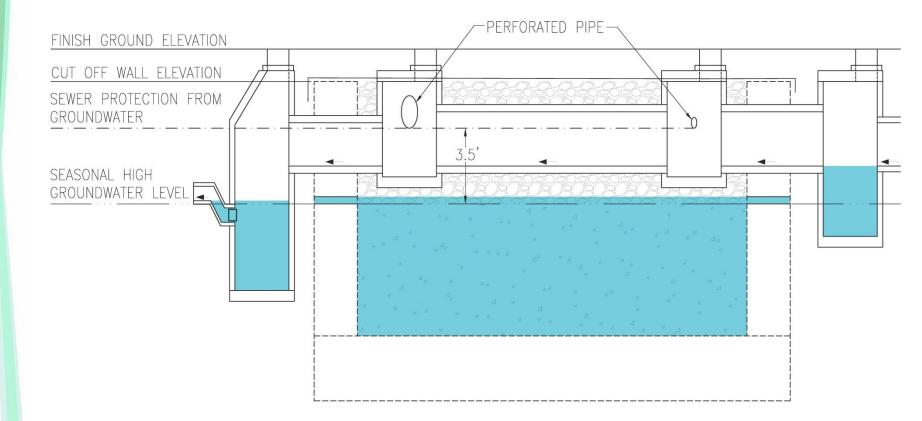




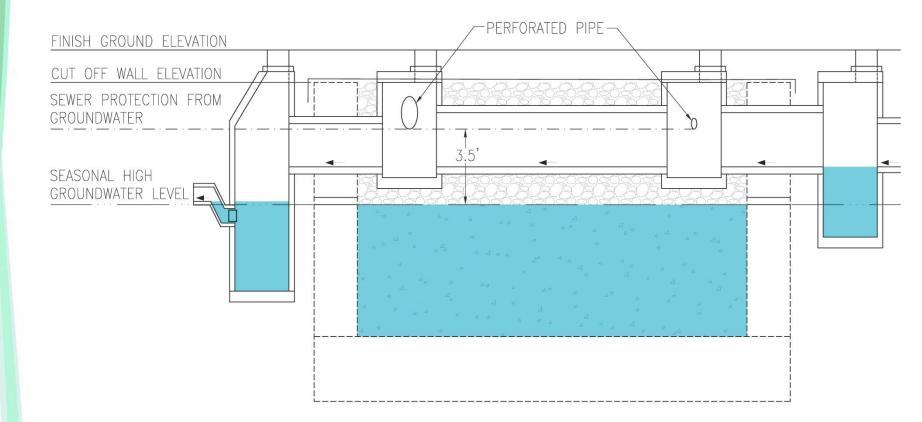














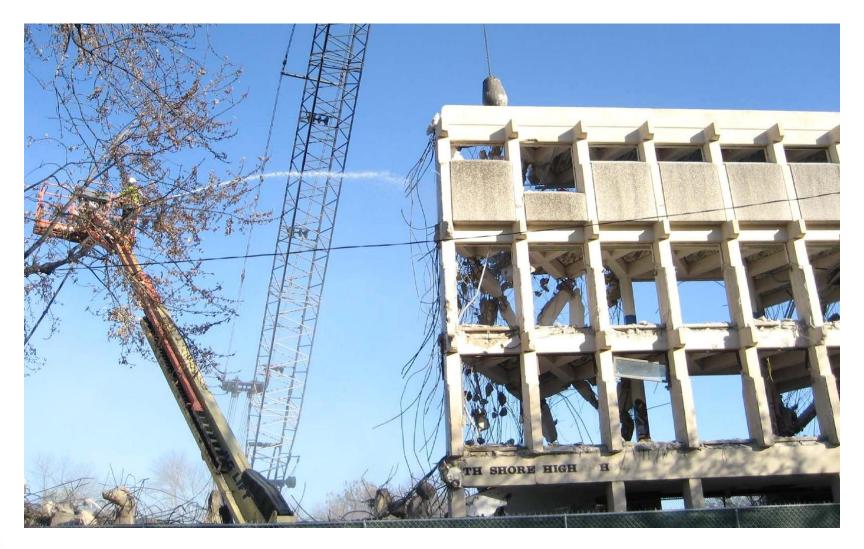
Abatement



Demolition



Demolition







Excavation



Excavation



On-Site Crushing and Screening





On-Site Crushing and Screening



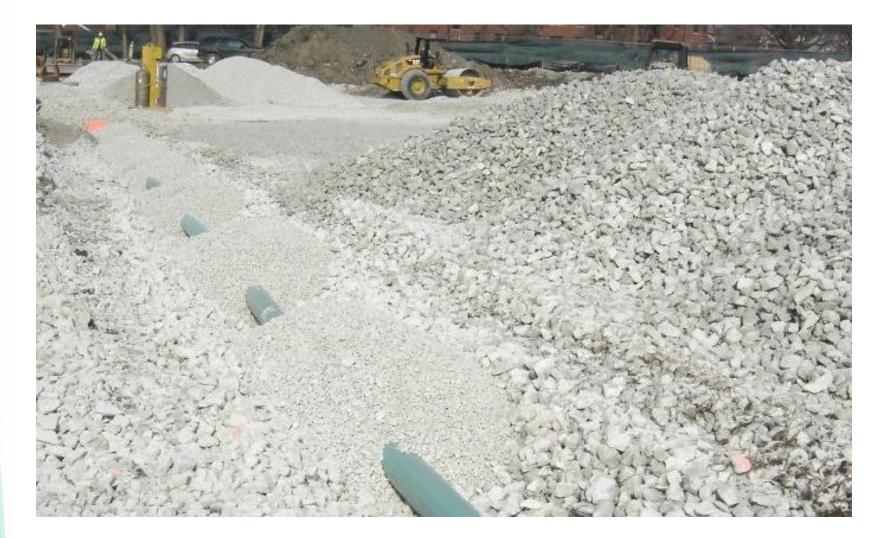
Backfill and Compaction



Backfill and Compaction



Stormwater Distribution



Compact and Cover





Park Improvements





Park Improvements



Park Improvements



Conclusion

- RCA reduces the concrete debris to CCDD facilities and hauling costs
- As stormwater management it will maximize usable land
- Design considerations must be made for fine particle deposits and sedimentation

References

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