



Lake County Stormwater Management Commission's Study of Post-Development Isolated Waters of Lake County, Illinois

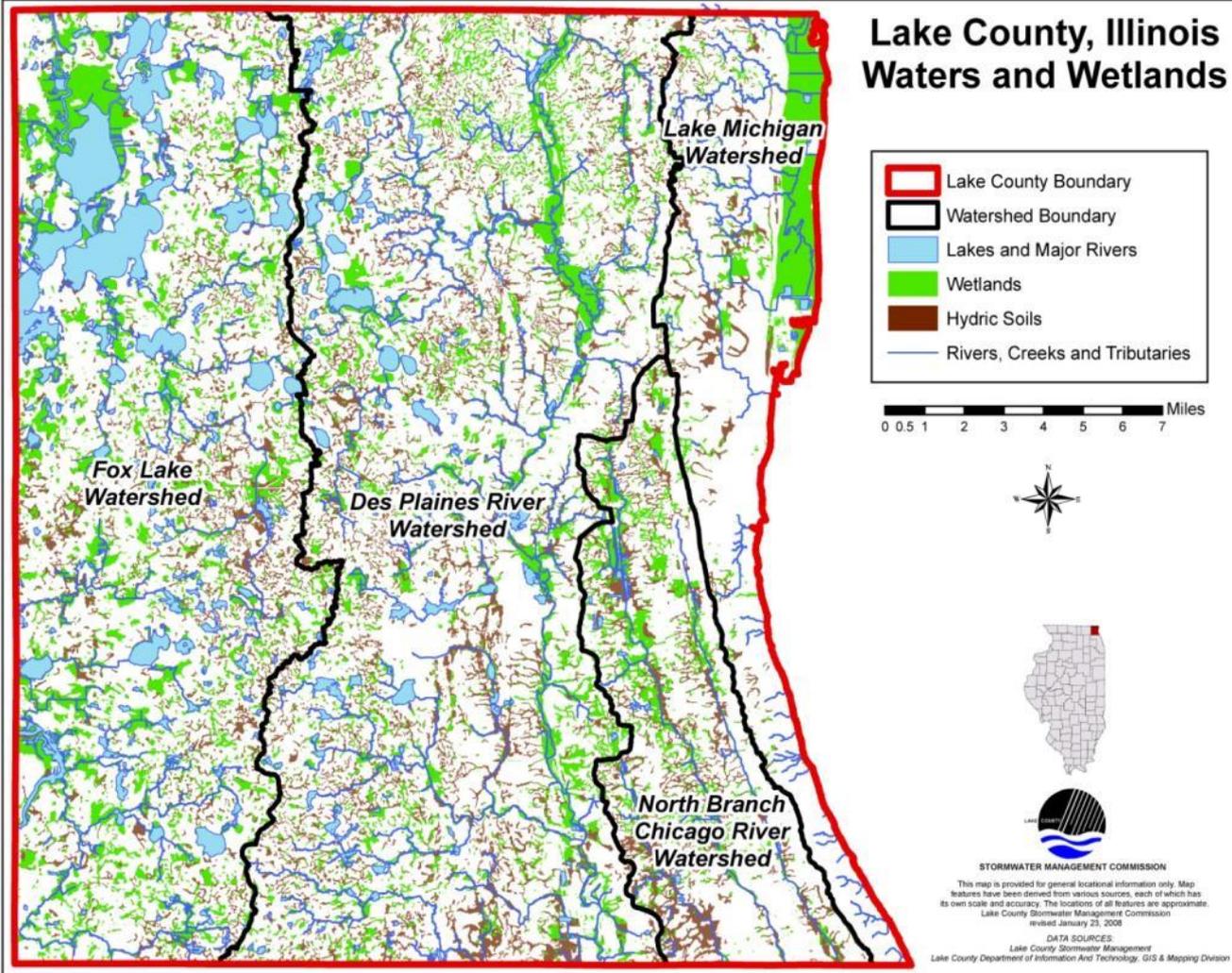
***Application of the 80% - 150%
Wetland Hydrology Design
Criteria***



STORMWATER MANAGEMENT COMMISSION

IAFSM
March 2013

Background



~21% of County =
waters and wetlands
(61,500 acres)

~ 11% (7,000 acres) =
**“Isolated Waters of
Lake County” (IWLC)**

**Most of County has
slowly permeable
soils (Hydro Group C)**

Background

- Developed by Independent Technical Advisory Committee (TAC)
- Amended August 2001 to include *isolated wetland* regulations after Supreme Court SWANCC Ruling
- Sets minimum county-wide standards for development:
 - Floodplain
 - Floodway
 - Detention
 - **Wetlands**
 - Buffers
 - Erosion Control

Watershed Development Ordinance

Effective July 10, 2012



Lake County Stormwater
Management Commission



WDO Wetland Hydrology Requirement (“80-150 Rule”)

“The development design shall maintain between 80% and 150% of the existing condition, 2-year, 24-hour storm event runoff volume from the onsite tributary drainage area to the preserved Isolated Waters of Lake County.”

(WDO Article IV.E.6)





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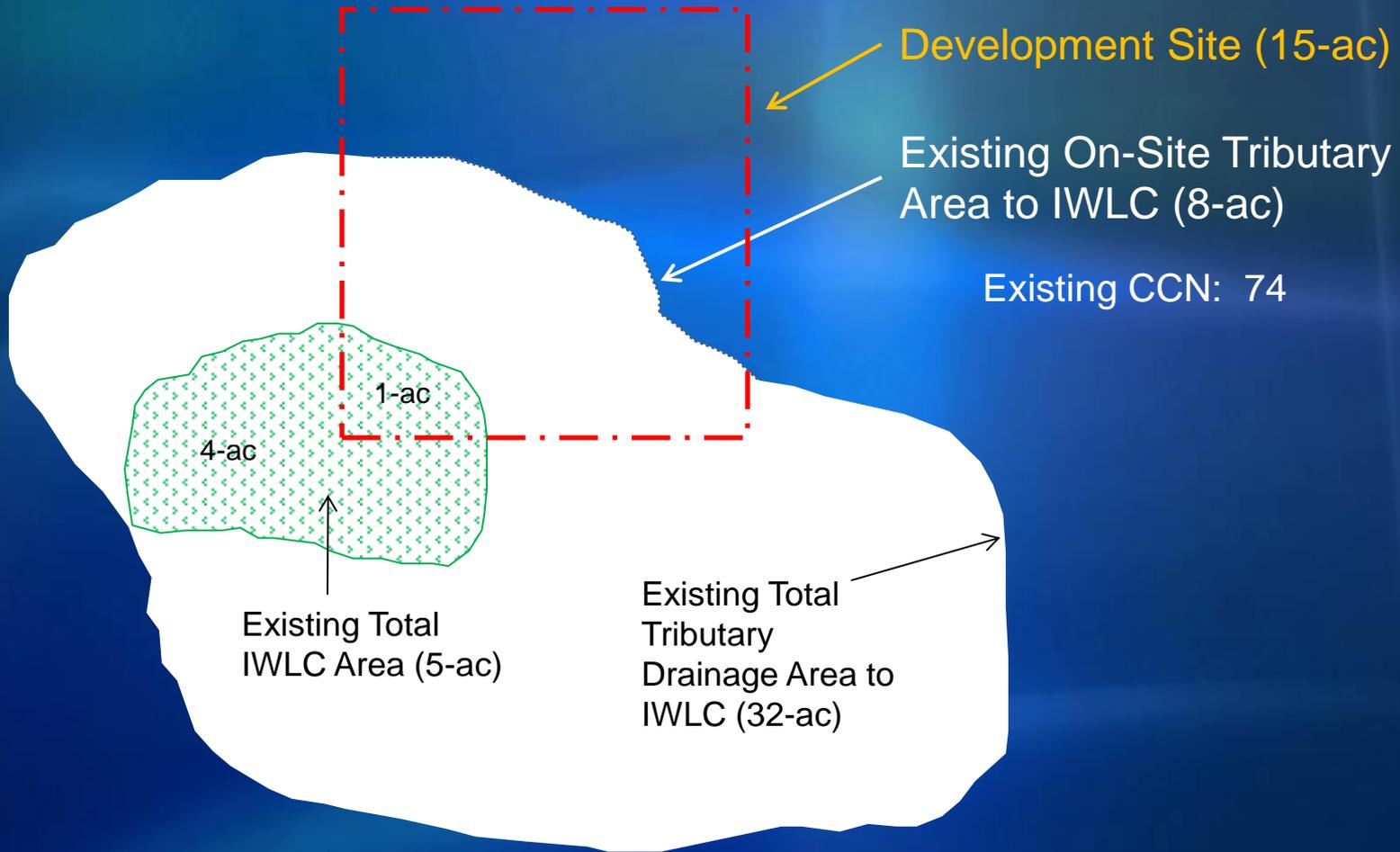


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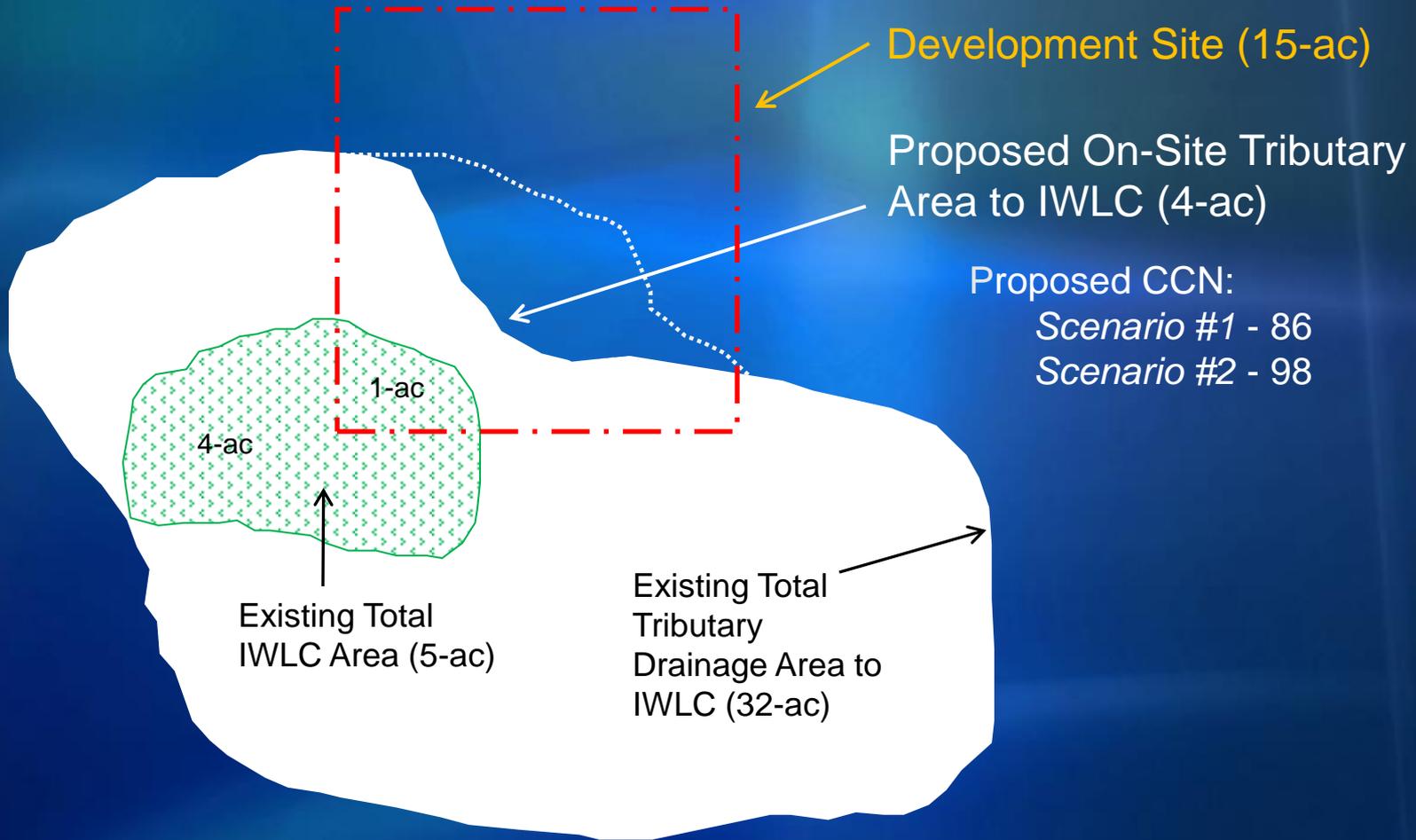
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Design Example



Design Example



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Example Summary Table for 80-150 Wetland Hydrology Analysis

Scenario	Existing Conditions				Proposed Conditions				Volume Change ⁴
#	On-Site Trib Area (ac)	CCN ¹	Runoff ² 2-yr, 24-hr (in)	Volume ³ 2-yr, 24-hr (ac-ft)	On-Site Trib Area (ac)	CCN ¹	Runoff ² 2-yr, 24-hr (in)	Volume ³ 2-yr, 24-hr (ac-ft)	Proposed/Existing (%)
#1	8.00	74	0.79	0.53	4.00	86	1.50	0.50	94%
#2	8.00	74	0.79	0.53	4.00	98	2.57	0.86	162%

¹ Include worksheets showing how runoff composite curve number (CCN) was derived (NRCS TR-55, Tables 2-2a through 2d).

² Based on precipitation value of 2.80" for 2-yr, 24-hr storm event (from WDO, Appendix I).

³ Volume (ac-ft) = Runoff Depth (in)/12 x Onsite Trib Area (ac). Include supporting calculations.

⁴ Volume Change (%) = Proposed Volume (ac-ft) / Existing Volume (ac-ft).



SMC Study

■ Purpose:

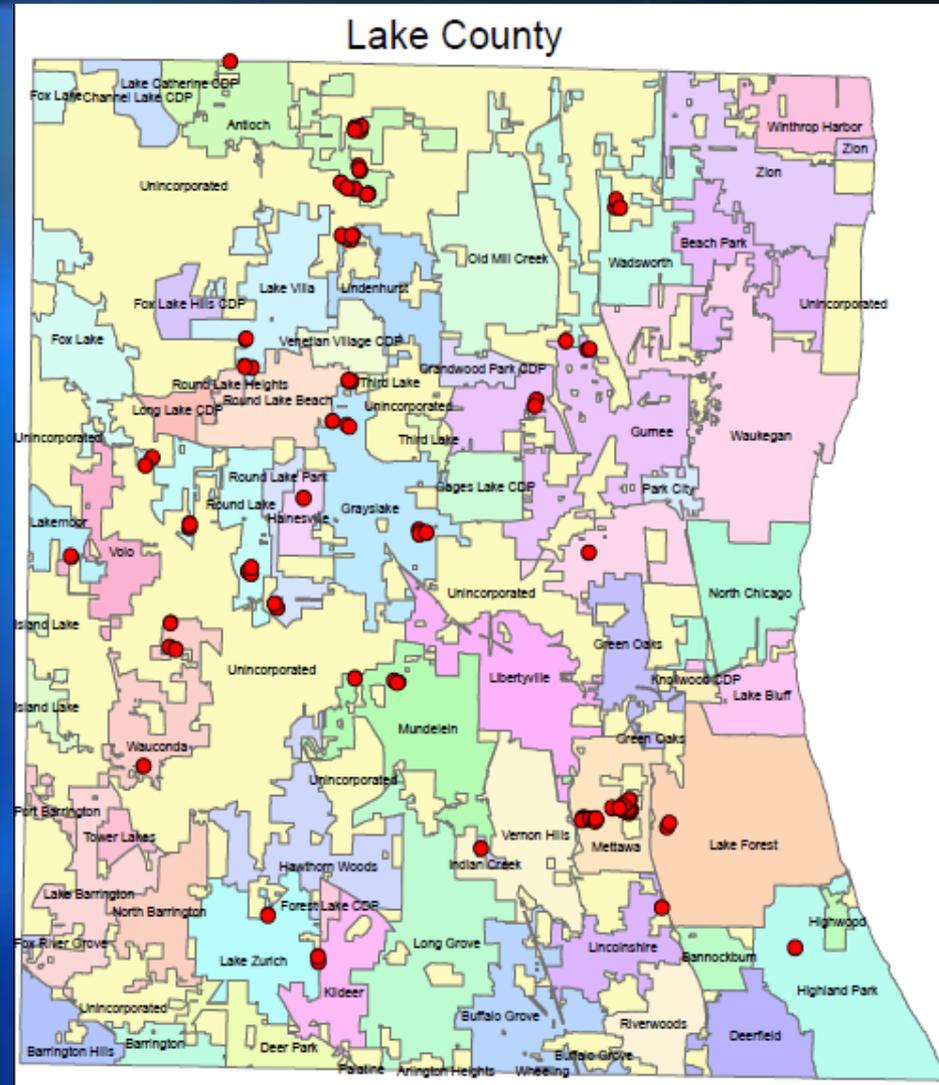
- Determine Effectiveness of WDO Wetland Hydrology Requirement

■ Method:

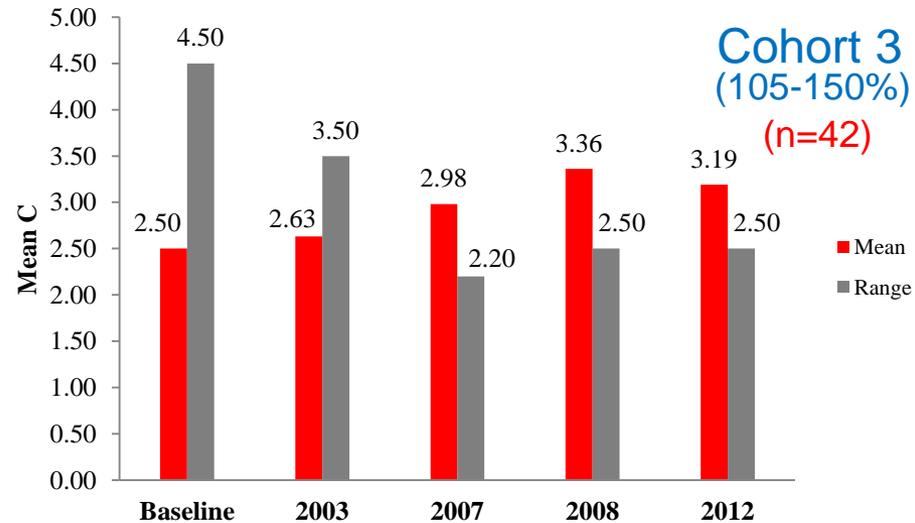
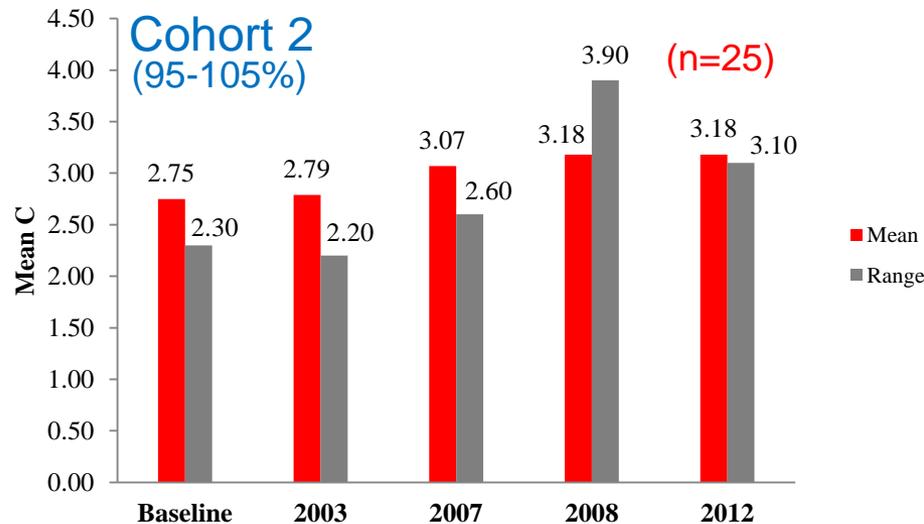
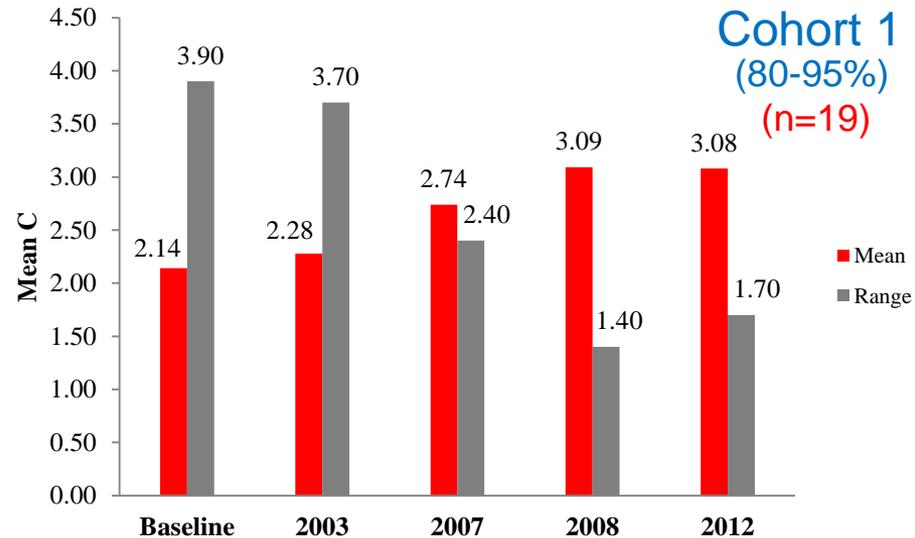
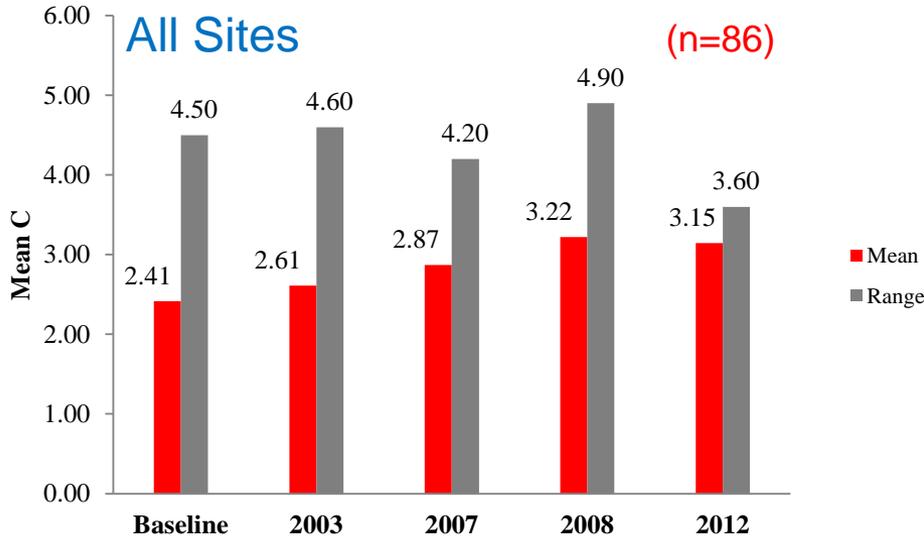
- Compared pre-and post-development data from 86 sites
- Modeled hydrology:
 - Avg. 109.1, Range: 80-147.8%

■ Study Years:

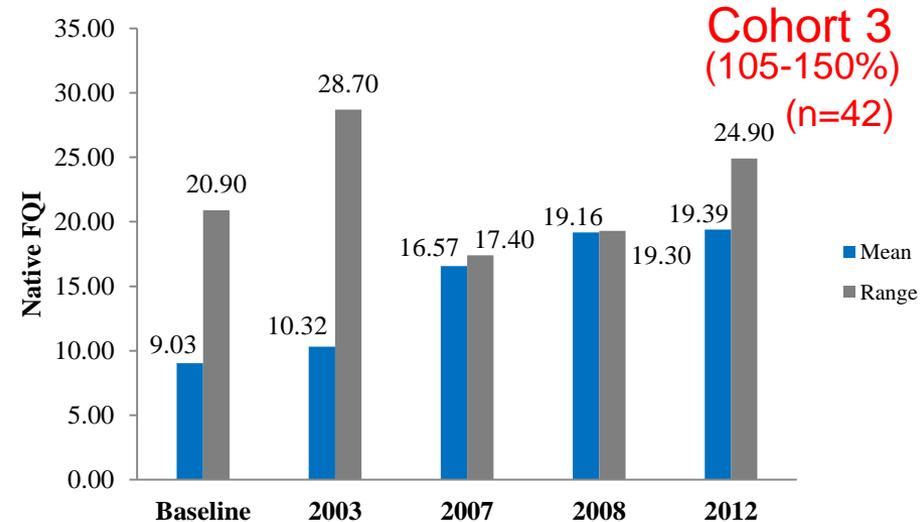
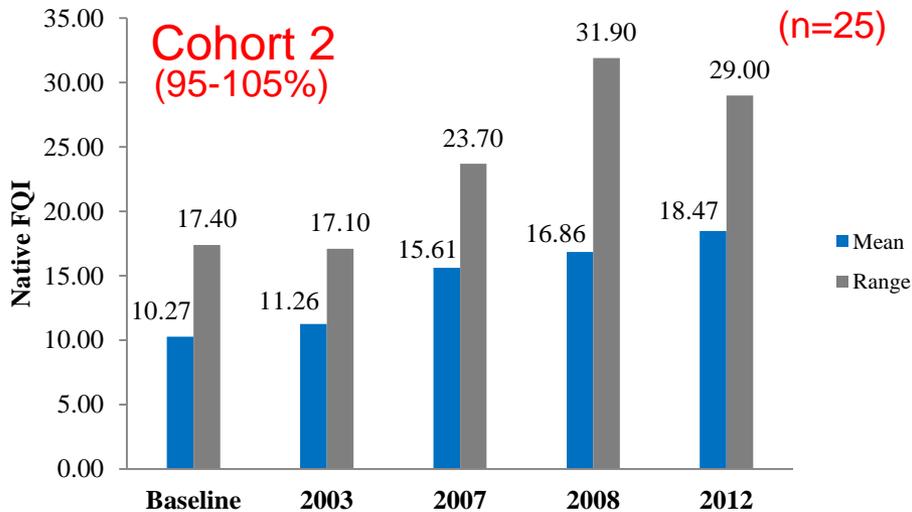
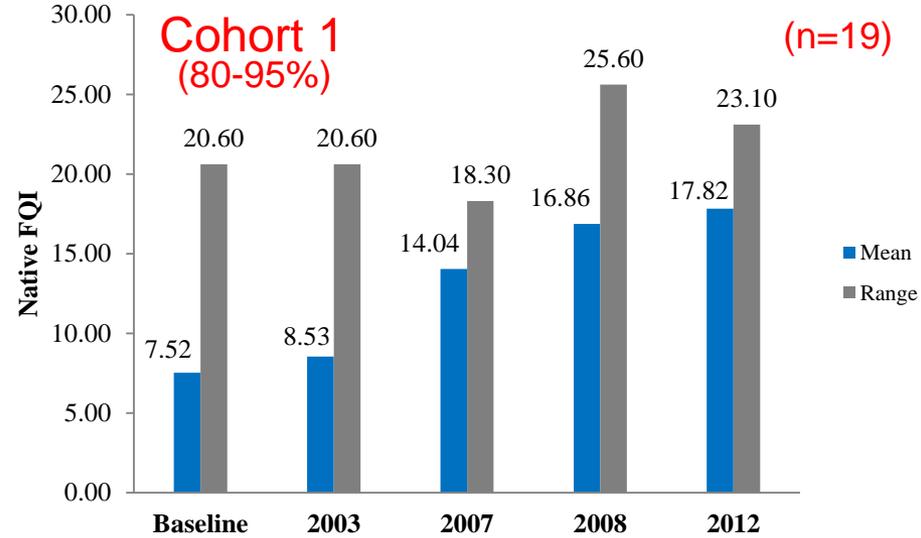
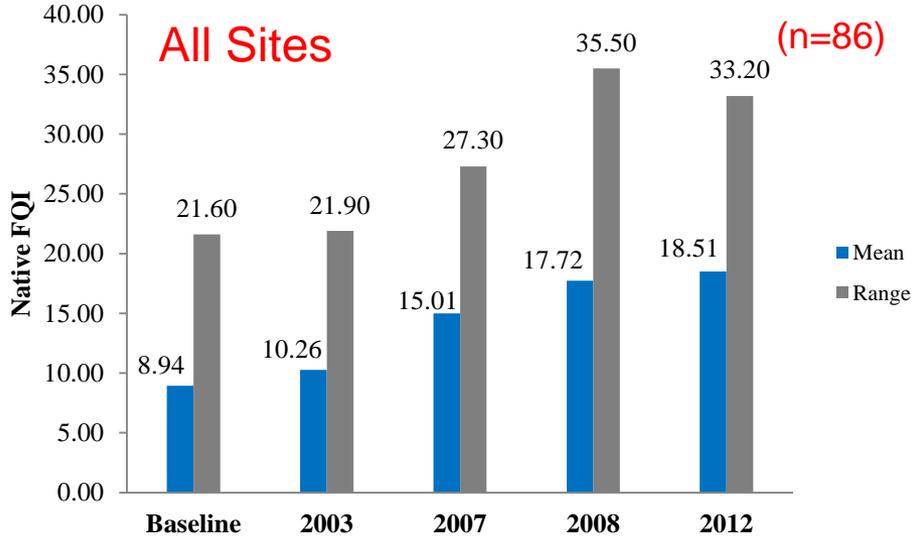
- 2003, 2007, 2008, and 2012



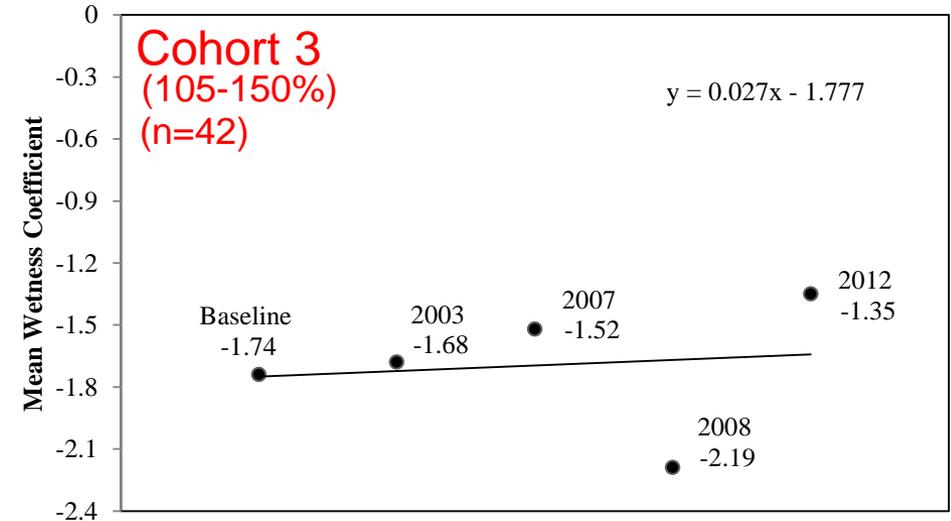
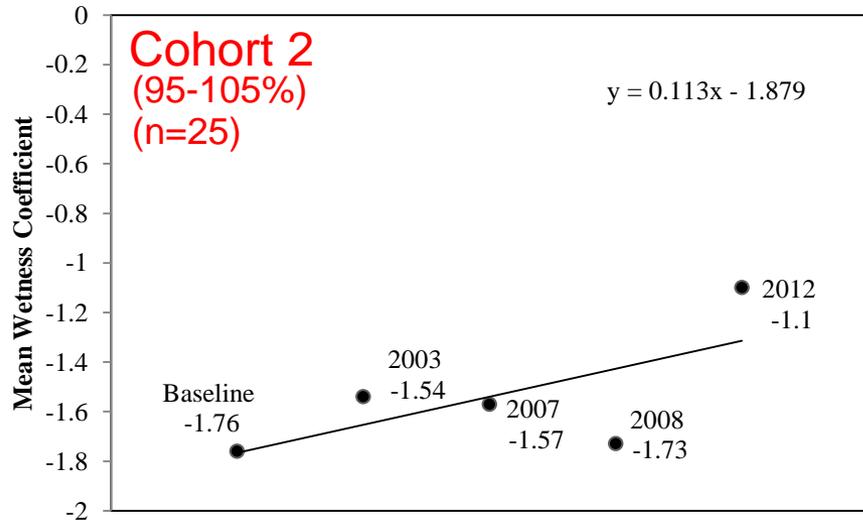
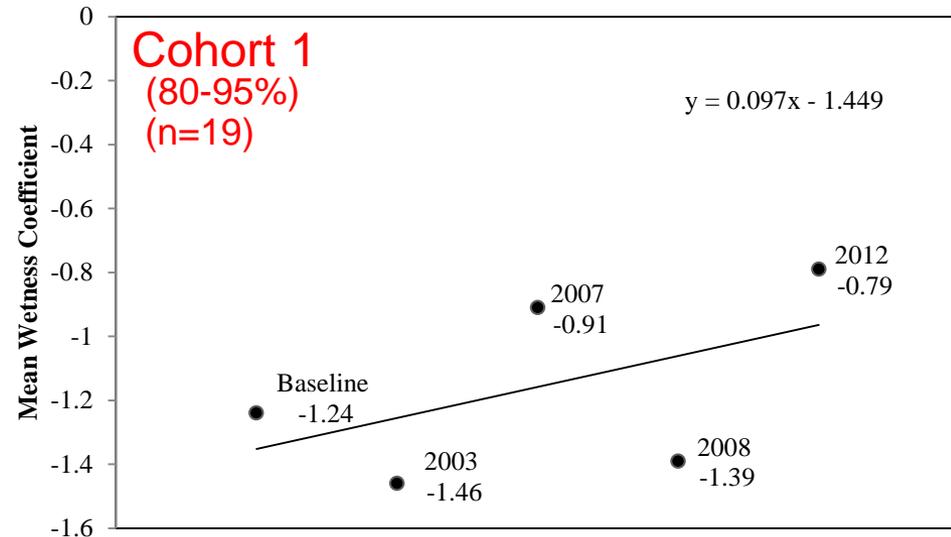
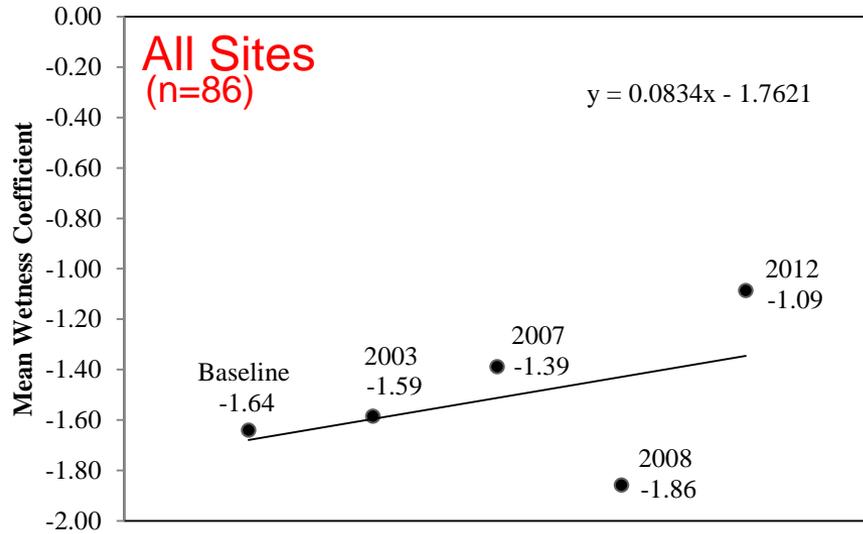
Results – Floristic Quality



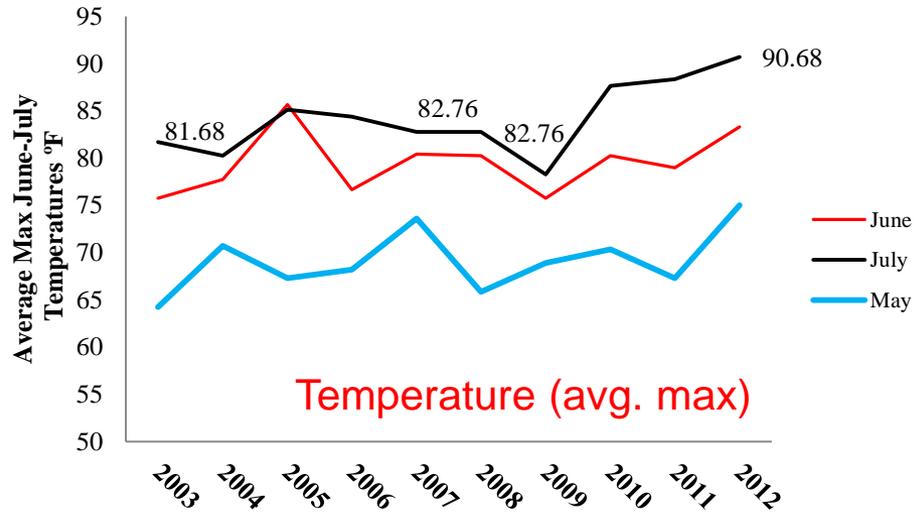
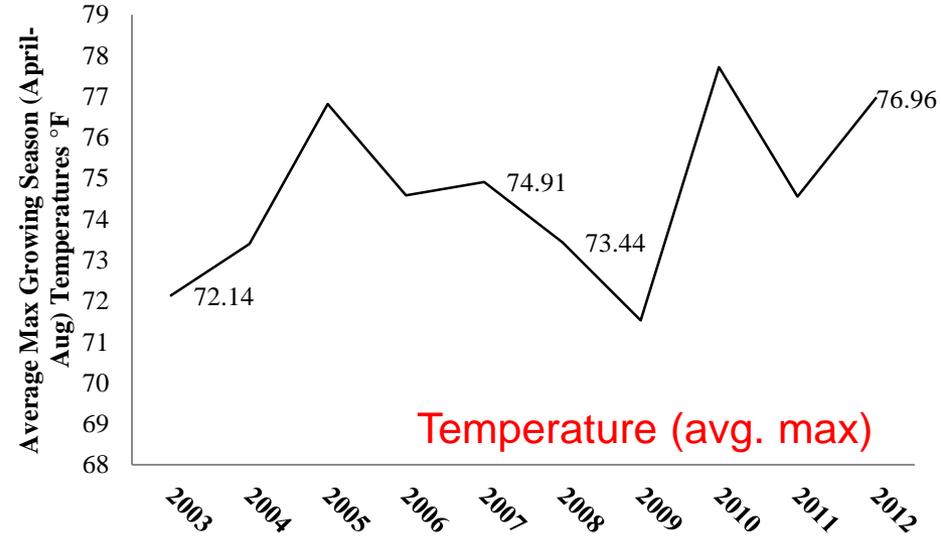
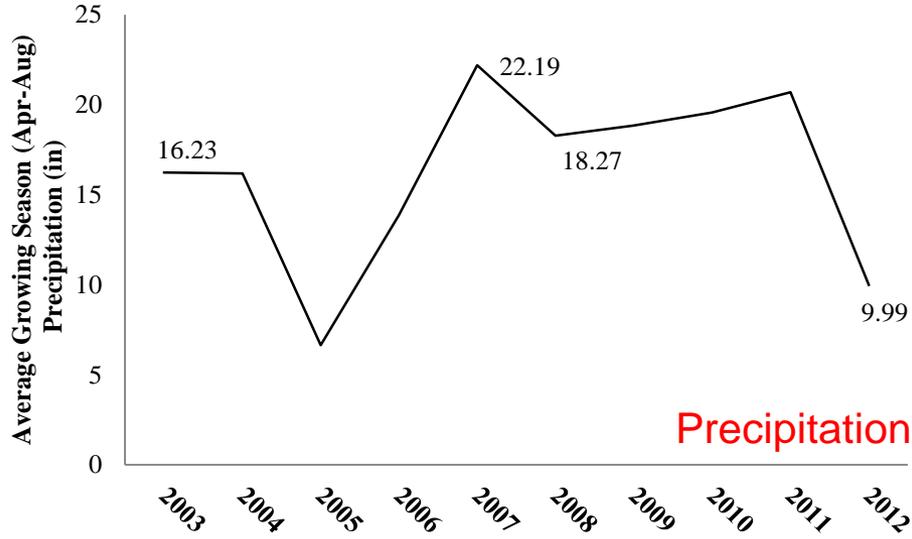
Results – Floristic Diversity



Results – Wetness (Mean W)



Results – Climate





Conclusions

- Study **confirms** the efficacy of the WDO wetland hydrology requirement
 - Floristic quality and diversity have improved, indicating the strength of these ecosystems
 - Floristic quality and diversity are stabilizing after 6-10 years — adjusting to post-development hydrology
 - IWLC are maintaining wetland hydrology ($W = -1.09$)
 - The 105-150% range appears to be most effective in maintaining overall wetland integrity
 - Wetland wetness appears to be consistent with design hydrology per cohort analysis





Questions?

- **Full Study Report Available:**

<http://www.lakecountyiil.gov/Stormwater/Publications/>

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