CRS Watershed Master Plan:

The Quest for Level 4

James Bernahl, P.E., CFM

Assistant Director of Public Works and Engineering Village of Winnetka

Emily Grimm, P.E., CFM

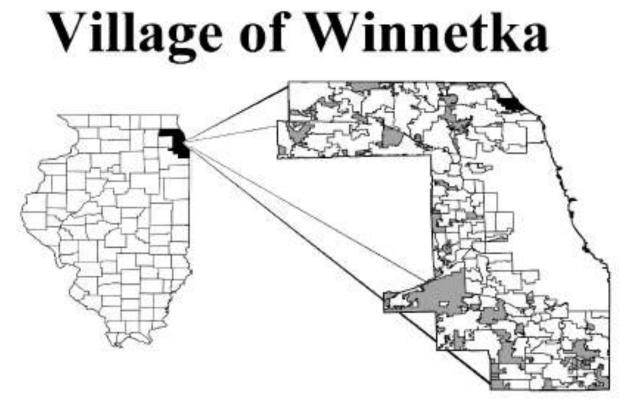
Water Resources Engineer Baxter & Woodman

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Location Map



Cook County, Illinois



Village of Winnetka Overview

- Located in Northeastern Illinois
- Incorporated 1869
- Population: 12,490 residents
- Area: 3.81 Square miles
- Built out Community Mostly residential
- Critical Infrastructure:
 - Water Plant
 - Electrical Plant

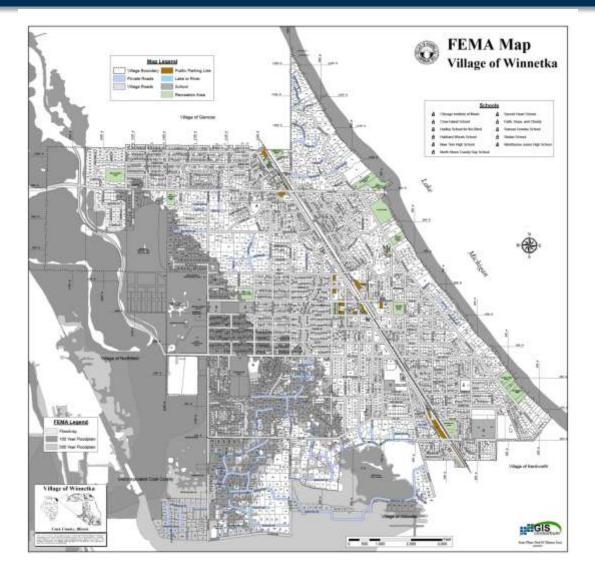


Village of Winnetka Overview

- Waterways within Winnetka
 - Lake Michigan located along the eastern border.
 - Skokie Lagoons Western border.
 - Skokie River Western border.
 - East Diversion Ditch Western border
 - Skokie Ditch Southern border.



Winnetka Floodplain Map





Community Concerns

- Percentage of Community in Floodplain.
- Flat topography in western portion of Village.
- Severity of large storm events in 2008 & 2011.
 - Number of flooded homes.
 - Impassible public streets and sidewalks.
 - Basement back-ups.
 - Overall community damage.



Community Concerns

- Limited open space area for storage.
- Village's long term commitment to improve stormwater management.
 - Implementation of Stormwater utility fee.
 - Development of a Village wide stormwater management plan.
 - Public involvement and Coordination with key shareholders.

























Why Develop a Watershed Master Plan

- Consistent with the Villages commitment to improve overall stormwater management.
- Allows for the evaluation of new regulatory standards for new developments.
 - Village is currently performing a stormwater regulation update analysis to evaluate changes in MWRD WMO and other regulations.
- Protection of natural channels.
- Dedicated funding source.



Winnetka - CRS Overview

- Joined in 2015
- Currently a Class 6
- Goal is to reach a Class 4
 - A watershed master plan is a prerequisite to reach level four



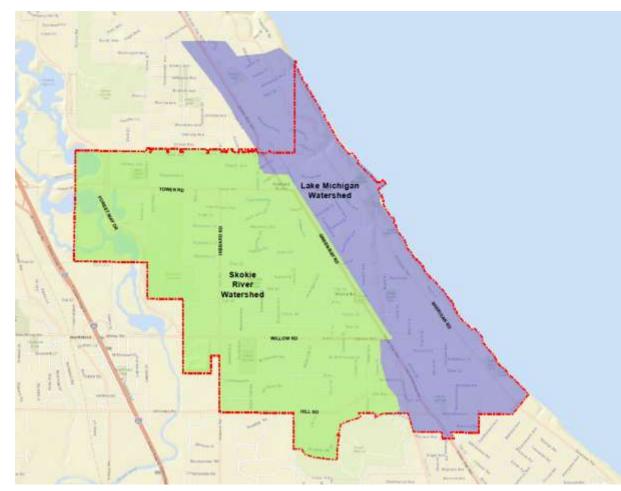
Watershed Master Plan Requirements

- Under Activity 450 (stormwater management)
- 315 Maximum Points
- Has a total of 8 sub-elements (WMP1-8)
- Must analyze existing and expected development, and a plan of action for current and future problems
 - In Winnetka, future conditions = max buildout



Modeling

H&H modeling of the watershed is required





Watershed Master Plan Requirements (WMP1)

- 90 points
- Must evaluate future conditions based on multiple storm events, including 100 yr storm
- Must adopt regulatory standards that require onsite management for at least the 25-yr storm
- Must update and evaluate plan every 5 years



WMP2

- 30 points
- Must manage runoff for all storms up to the 100-yr storm
- Ensure that flows from new development do not increase due to development
- Must receive these first two credits to reach Class 4

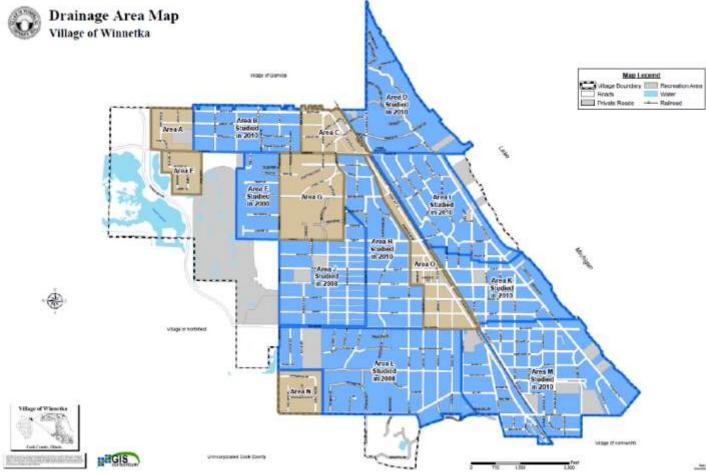


Winnetka's Compliance with WMP1 And WMP2

- Requires 100-yr detention for subdivisions, multi-family, commercial developments, as well as major single-family projects (including new homes and large additions)
- Allowable release rate is based on the predevelopment, 3-yr storm.
- Use WMO requirements when they are more stringent



Modeling





WMP3 – 55 points

Requirements:

- provide management of peak flows AND volumes so that they do not increase over present day values
- Must retain or detain long enough to discharge after peak flow in receiving body has subsided

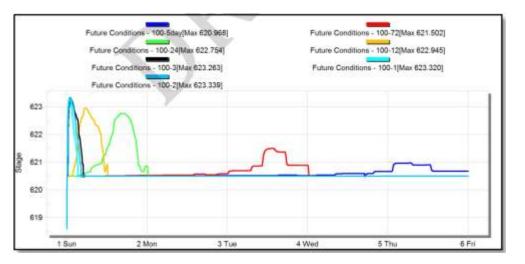
Compliance:

- Winnetka does not have volume control requirements, except for project that fall under the WMO
- Stormwater Master Plan encourages the use of best management practices to reduce runoff volumes and improve water quality

WMP4 – 35 points

Requirements:

 Plan must manage runoff of all storms up to the 5-day event



Compliance:

- Regulations require detention to be sized based on
 - "worst-case" runoff event
- Critical durations for all watersheds fell between 1-3 hrs

WMP5, 6, and 7 – 30, 25, and 25 points

Requirements:

- Plan must identify wetlands and open space to be preserved
- Plan must recommend prohibiting development of natural channels and shorelines
- Plan recommends "soft" channel improvement projects and design standards

Compliance:

- 5. Wetland and open space maps were included in the WMP, along with a recommendation for a protection ordinance
- Report recommends the development of an natural shoreline protection (NSP) plan - an additional 120 points under section 420 of the CRS
- 7. Plan recommends adding ordinance or design standard prohibiting rip-rap, concrete, and gabions and requiring natural techniques for erosion control

WMP8 – 25 points

Requirements:

 Must have funding source dedicated to stormwater improvements Compliance:

 The Village established a stormwater utility fee in 2014 that funds the Stormwater Management Program



Conclusions

- Analysis shows that Winnetka's stormwater management regulations are strong and will protect the Village from increased stormwater flows in the future
- Recommended regulation changes are low-hanging fruit that the Village can implement easily
- Challenge is Village-wide modeling and analysis
- Report still needs to be scored by CRS and updated for CIP that the Village has done in the last two years



Questions?

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