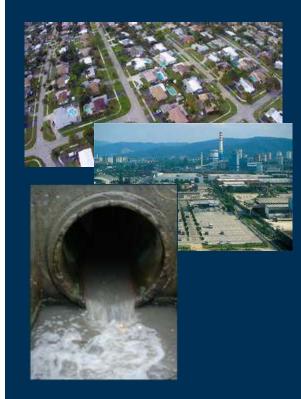
When It's Not Raining...

Prioritizing Stormwater Outfall Screening During Dry Weather Periods for MS4 Requirements

Dan Bounds, PE, D.WRE IAFSM, March 14, 2018





Overview

Prioritizing Stormwater Outfall Screening

- MS4 Permit requirement / purpose
- Assessing the stormwater system / watershed
- Selecting high priority outfalls
- Prioritization approaches
- Implementation
- Documentation / tools





Minimum Control Measures (Program Areas)

- Six Minimum Control Measures have been established
 - Public Education and Outreach on Storm Water Impacts
 - Public Involvement / Participation
 - <u>Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination</u>
 - Construction Site Storm Water Runoff Control
 - Post-Construction Storm Water Management in New Development and Redevelopment
 - Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping for Municipal Operations
- BMPs with measurable goals must be developed for each minimum control



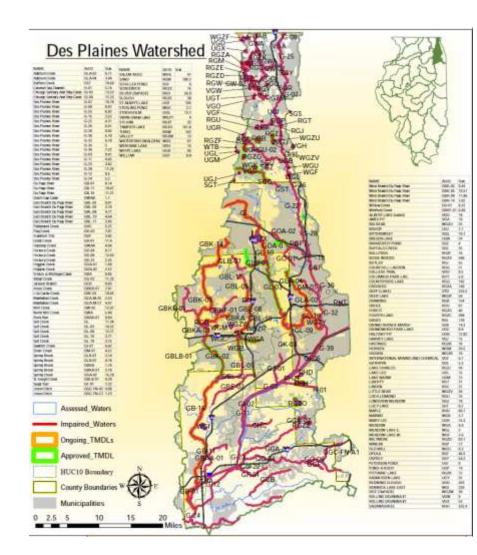
Permit Requirement

- Develop, implement, and enforce a <u>program to detect and eliminate</u> illicit connections or discharges into the permittee's small MS4
- <u>Conduct periodic inspections</u> of the storm sewer outfalls <u>in dry weather</u> conditions for detection of non-storm water discharges and illegal dumping
- Establish a <u>prioritization plan</u> for inspection of outfalls, placing priority on outfalls with the greatest potential for non-storm water discharges.
 <u>Major/high priority outfalls shall be inspected at least annually</u>



Assessing the System / Watershed

- Local water quality impairments
 - IEPA 303d list
- Pollutants of Concern
 - Sediment
 - Nutrients
 - Metals
 - Other pollutants / toxins
- TMDLs
- Local water quality goals
 - Water supply
 - Recreational areas
 - Tourist areas



Selecting High Priority Outfalls

- Location, location, location
 - Impaired / TMDL waterbodies
 - Recreation / tourist areas
 - Industrial / commercial land use
 - Complaint areas
 - History of illicit discharges
 - Local priorities
- Safety considerations
 - Accessibility





Prioritization Approaches

- Evaluate your program resources
- How many inspections can you do in a year?
- One or two people?
- Staff time available, or contractor
 - Summer intern?
- What would your MS4 inspector say is your MEP?
- Must document your inspection prioritization



- Example 1:
 - Community has twelve stormwater outfalls
 - Two in industrial areas
 - Ten in residential areas
 - Five tributary to impaired river reach listed for sediment, nutrients
- How many high priority outfalls?



- Example 1:
 - Community has twelve stormwater outfalls
 - Two in industrial areas
 - Ten in residential areas
 - Five tributary to impaired river reach listed for sediment, nutrients
- How many high priority outfalls?
- Answer: 12
 - Would be considered easily implementable for most MS4 communities



- Example 2:
 - Community has 200 stormwater outfalls
 - 12 to impaired waters
 - 8 in the downtown area
 - 10 near public recreation areas
 - 20 in heavy industrial areas
 - 150 in commercial / residential area
- How many high priority outfalls?



- Example 2:
 - Community has 200 stormwater outfalls
 - 12 to impaired waters
 - 8 in the downtown area
 - 10 near public recreation areas
 - 20 in heavy industrial areas
 - 150 in commercial / residential area
- How many high priority outfalls?
- Answer: Depends on local resources, goals
 - Possibly 12, 22, 50, 200?
 - 200 would be beyond what the typical community would be expected to do annually



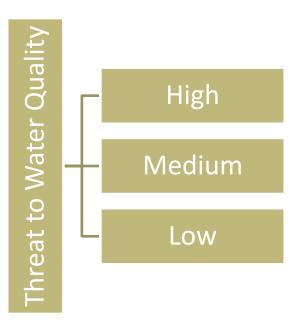
- Example 3:
 - Community has no stormwater outfalls
 - Storm sewer system drains to other communities' systems
 - Nothing daylights
- How many high priority outfalls?



- Example 3:
 - Community has no stormwater outfalls
 - Storm sewer system drains to other communities' systems
 - Nothing daylights
- How many high priority outfalls?
- Answer: 0, no outfalls, but...
 - Could pop manholes in high priority areas and inspect
 - Could inspect runoff during storm events in areas of concern
 - Do something



- But what about all the non-high priority outfalls?
- Permit is silent, implies you can't ignore them completely
- Local program decision
 - Again, what resources do you have?
 - Every other year?
 - Once per permit term, 5 year schedule is generally accepted





Documentation / Tools

- Paper forms
- Pros
 - Straight forward
 - Field notes
 - Batteries don't go dead
- Limitations
 - Retrieving information
 - Determining past issues
 - Photos cumbersome to link / manage

General Data						
Overall ID:			Investigator(s)			1
Latitude			Longitude			
Oute/Time	-		Precipitation (in.)	Tast 24 hr	1907 42.14	1
Outfait Descript	205					24
Location	Material Shape		Dimensions	Submerged in water?	Submarged with sudiment?	
110010	[]RCP	10-00 A	10			1
Ppe	CMP PVC HOPE Cawi Ctwr_	Circular Eliptical Bos Other	Single Double Tryle Other	Diameter / Dimensions	No Partaly Fully	Partially Fully
Orsinage Chanvel	Concrete Earthen Rip-rap Other	Trapezoid Parabolic Other		Depth: Top Width Bothon Wath		
Flow Present?	Yes hip		Flow Description?	Trickle Modera	e Dubstanta	C
Quantitative Ch.	anacterization of P	Innino Custain				
Temp lideg FIT		Contra Contra	Ammonia (mg4.)			1
pet.			Chiorine (mpl.)			1
Physical Indicat	tors at Flowing Ou	delta -		2		
Infector	Check if Present	Description		Relative Severity Index (1-3)		
Odor		Sewage RanoidSour Other	Duffde	🗆 t-Faet	2 - Easily detected	1 - Notosable from a distance
Color	0		n Borange	1 - Faint colors in sample bottle	2 - Clearly visible in sample	3 - Clearly visible in outfall flow
Turbidity (water a cloudy: hard	a			C11-Sight doutiness	2 - Cloudy	1-Opaque
to see through) Fourtailles (NOT notating traih)	۵	Sexage (Tolet Paper, etc.) Suds Petroleum (of sheen)		1 - Fewblight origin not obvious	Desible such or possible such or of sheen)	1.1 - Some: angin stear is g. obvious of sheen, suda, or foating santary materials)
Physical Indica	ors at Both Flowi	ng and Non-Flowing	Outsin			
Indicator	Check if Present				Comments	
Outal Damage		Spaling, Gracking or Choping Peeling Paint Consiston			Company's	
Deposits/Ditaris	0	Oly Powline Part Other				
Abnormal Vegetation	0	Excessive Intribited				
Poor pool quality		Otons Coors Floatables Of Sheen				
ge benthic		Brown Dange Deen Doner				
0.414-00.084	wadterization and 2 - Suspected Biot Disharge - Flowing outsits with the presence of and a high sevenity on one or more physical indications.	Biocommoded Follow-Up Actions Powertas Hot Doskrage Follow-Up Actions Hot Doskrage Kong or non physical indicators		Non-Bolt Discharge Concerns?	□No □ Pre Describe	



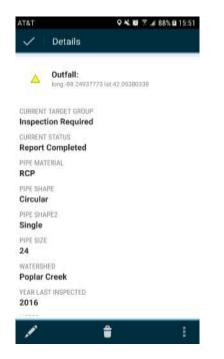
Documentation / Tools

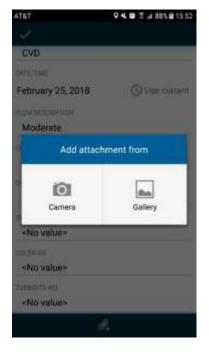


• Collector for ArcGIS







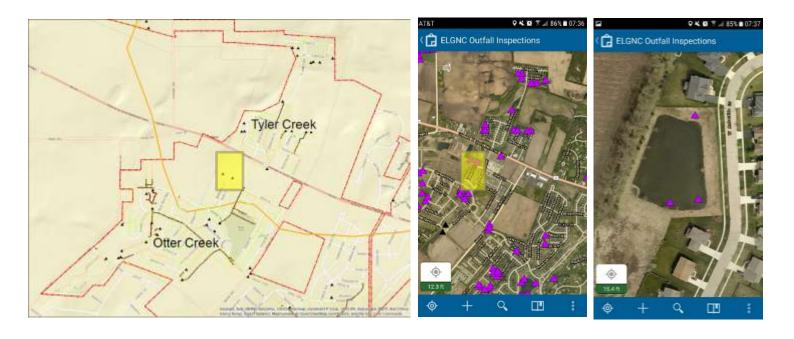




Documentation / Tools



- Easier to find outfalls
 - Zooms

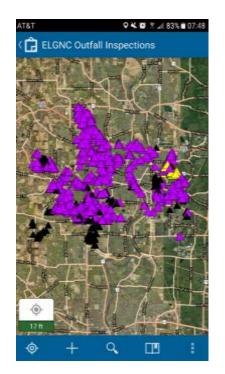




Collector for ArcGIS – Benefits

• Pros:

- Easier to find outfalls
- Improved efficiency with record keeping
- Instant history
- Easily link photographs
- Up-to-date mapping
- Limitations
 - Licenses and costs
 - Staff technical capabilities
 - Batteries...







When It's Not Raining... Prioritizing Stormwater Outfall Screening During Dry Weather Periods for MS4 Requirements

Dan Bounds, PE, D.WRE dbounds@baxterwoodman.com 815-459-1260

Questions & Discussion

