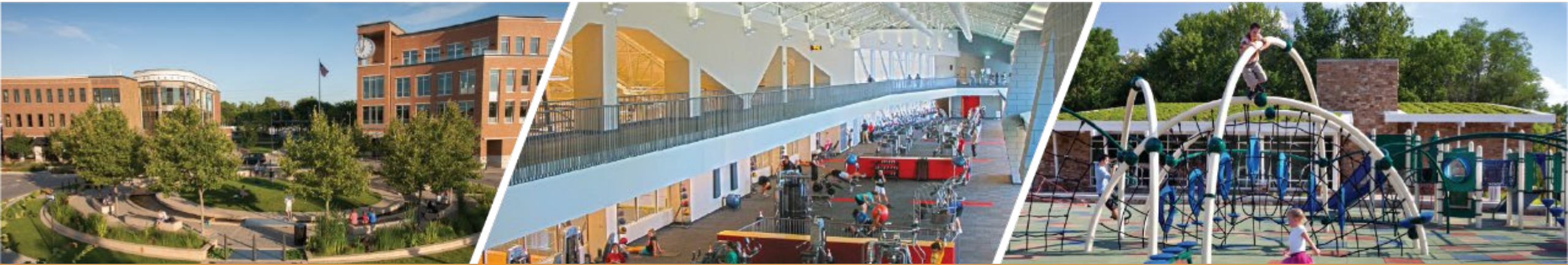


Clark>Dietz

Engineering Quality of Life®



Champaign's 20-Year Stormwater Journey

Copper Slough Watershed Master Plan to Garden Hills and Beyond

March 12, 2024 | Christopher Gutkowski, PE, CFM

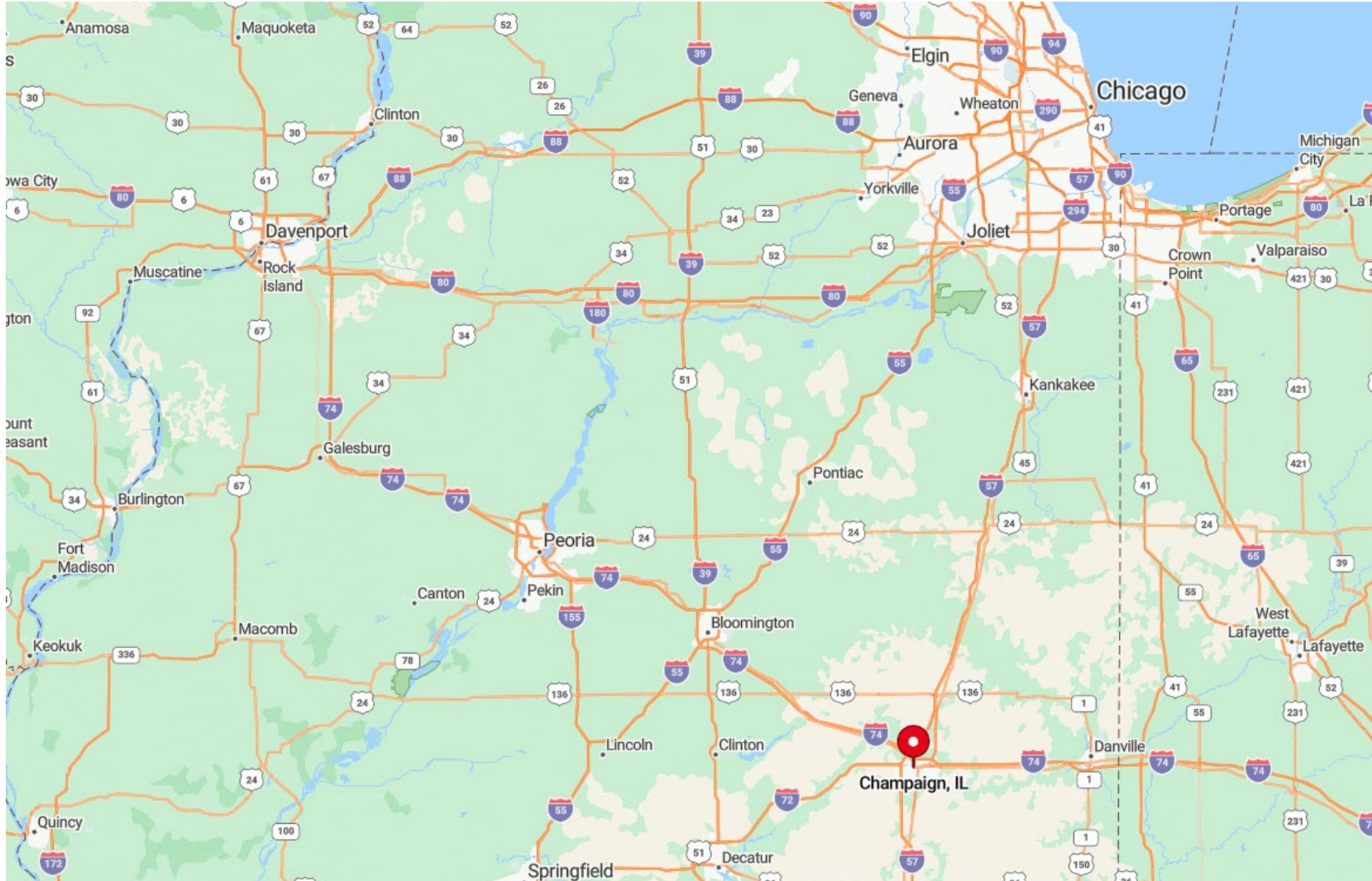


SECTION 1

Beginning of 20-Year
Stormwater Journey



Champaign, IL





Stormwater Journey

- › Pre 1990s
 - Channelization
 - Encroachment of Waterways
 - Limited Funds for Stormwater
 - Development Focused
- › Late 1990s
 - Current Stormwater Ordinance
 - Rapid Development and Redevelopment
 - Stormwater Solutions
- › Periodic Stormwater Master Plan Updates
 - 20-30 Year Cycle
 - Stormwater Management





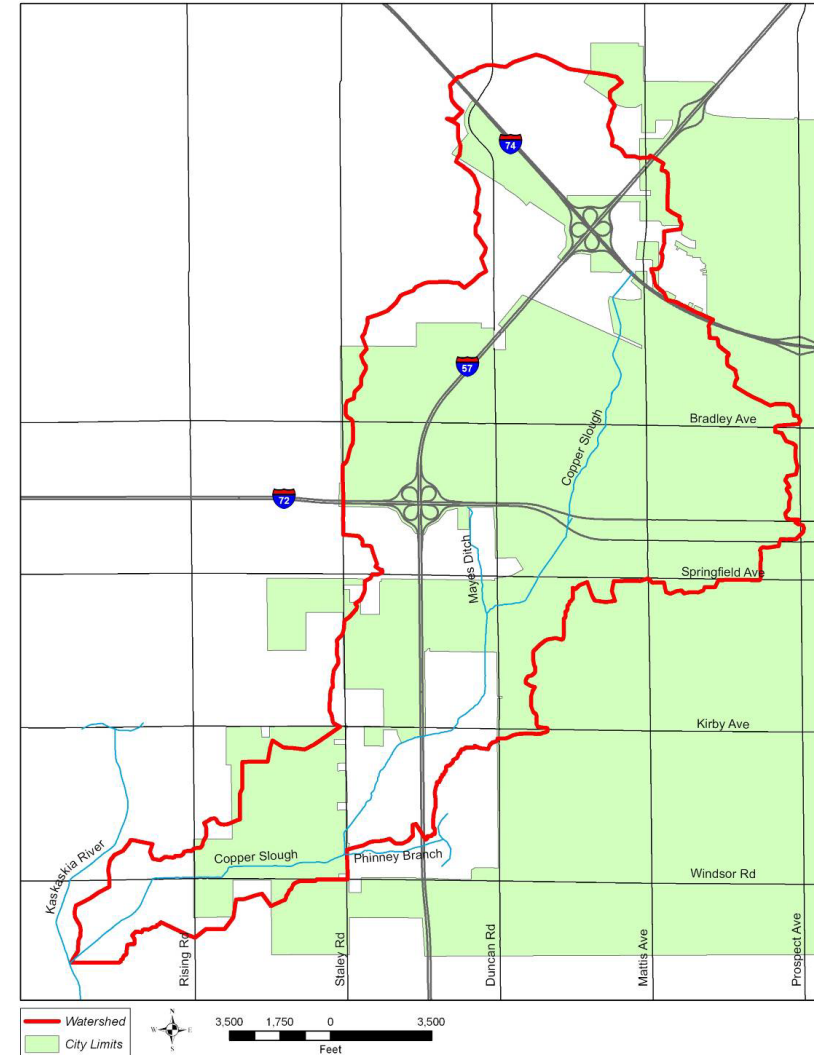
SECTION 2

Copper Slough Watershed Master Plan



Copper Slough Watershed

- Largest Watershed in the City of Champaign
- 16.2 Square Miles (including Phinney Branch)
- Key Watershed Issues
 - Rapidly-Developing
 - Older Neighborhoods
 - Commercial/Industrial
 - Future Development Controls





Study Findings - Conveyance

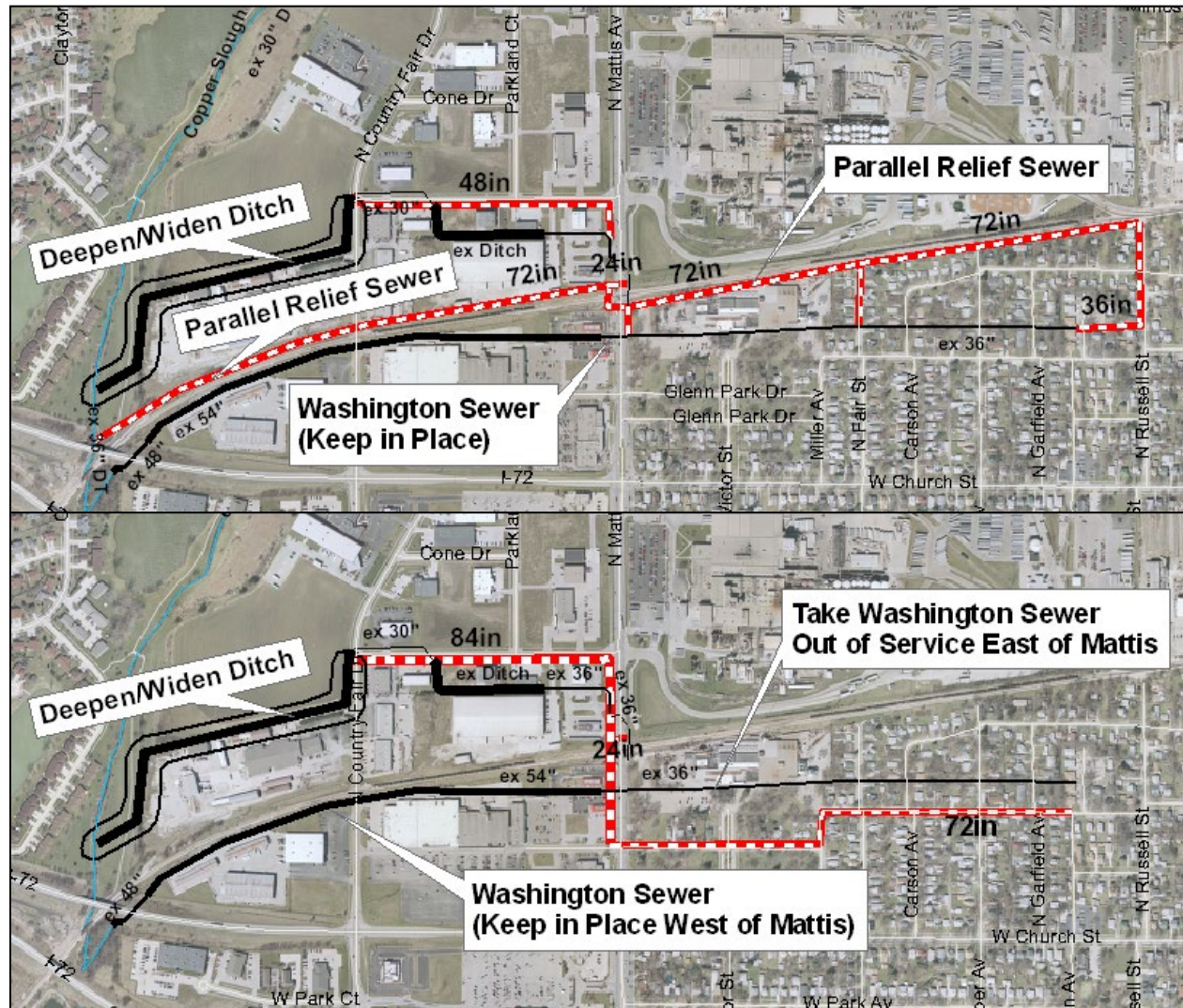


› Proposed Trunk Sewer Projects

- Deliver Higher Peak Flow Rates to Channel
- Reduces Flood Storage in Current Flood-Prone Areas
- Detention Storage Needed to Mitigate Impacts of Sewer Projects

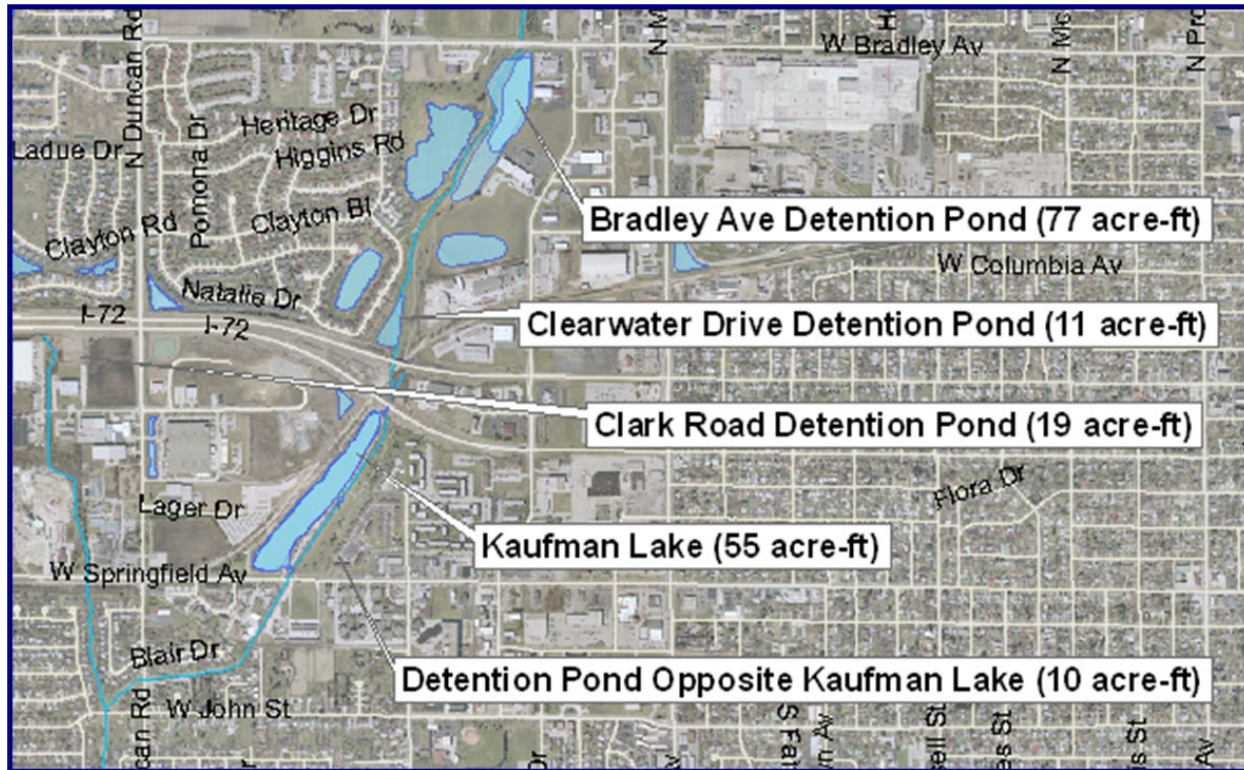


Study Findings - Conveyance



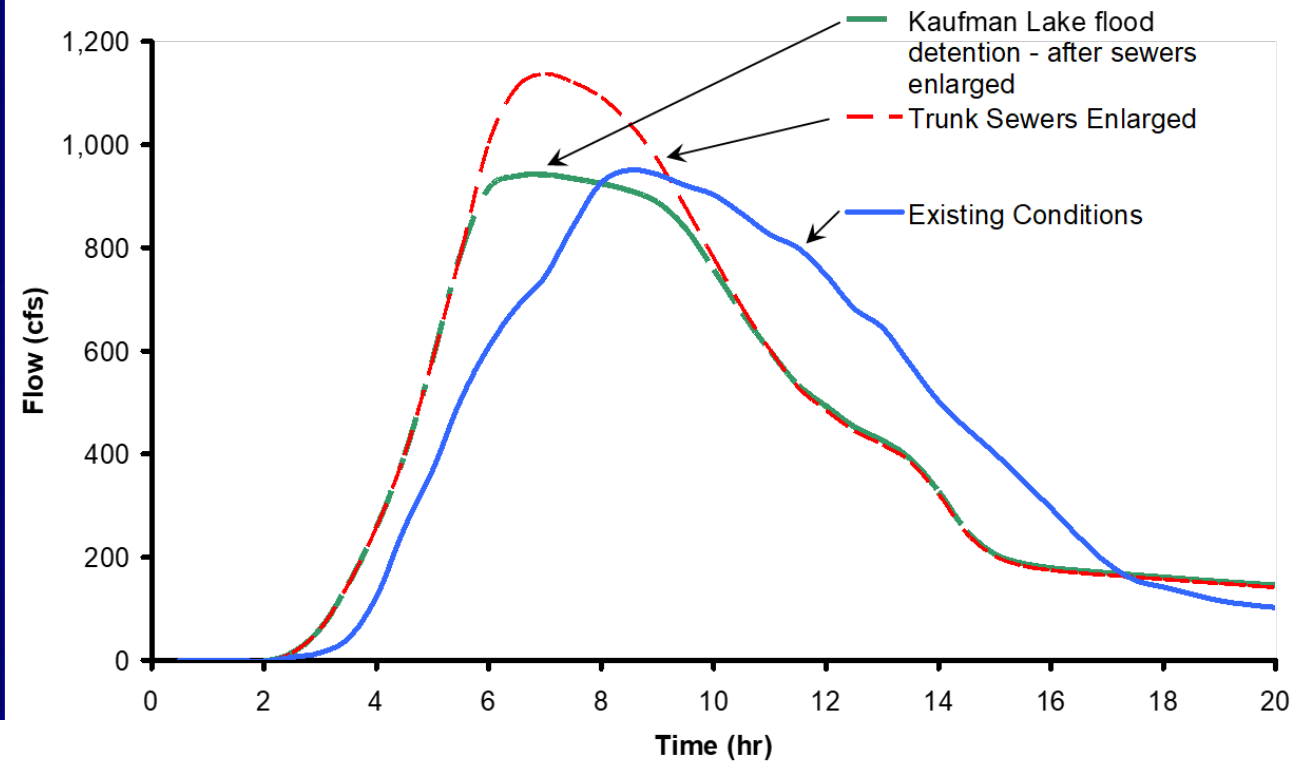


Study Findings - Detention



Copper Slough 100-year 12-hour Hydrograph

Downstream of Kaufman Lake and Upstream of Springfield Avenue





Copper Slough Watershed

- High Level Evaluation of Existing Infrastructure in Local Watersheds
- Recommended Improvements for West Washington = \$15M (2007 dollars):
 - Larger Storm Sewers (72" and 84")
 - Regional Detention Pond
 - Channel Improvements along the Copper Slough





SECTION 3

City of Champaign's Evolution of Infrastructure Design



Battle of the Basins

› Healey St Basin versus Second St Basin



› 2015 Storm
› Public Perception?



Battle of the Basins

› Healey St Basin versus Second St Basin





The Value of Infrastructure

- › Technical Outcome versus Social, Aesthetic, and Economic Implications
- › Engage and Educate the Public
 - Where is the money being spent?
 - Why is the money being spent?
- › Extract Additional Value from Public Engagement





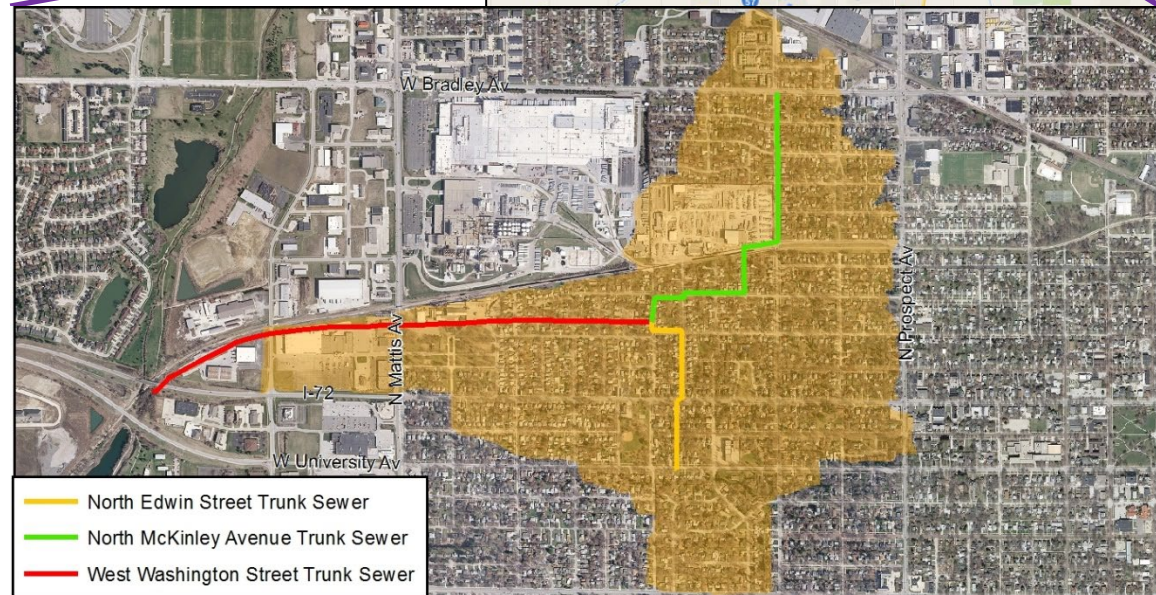
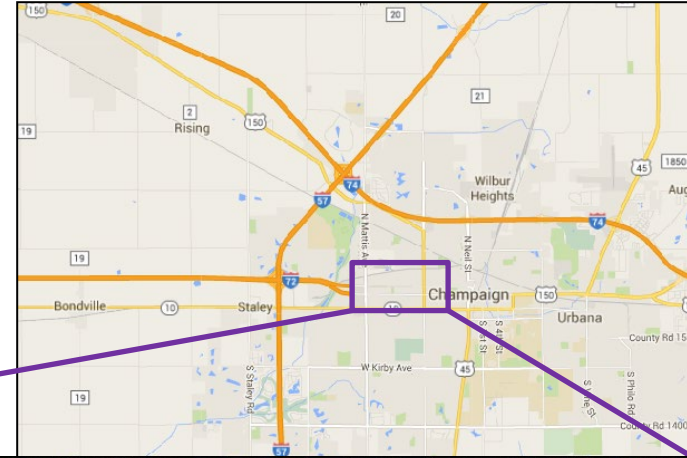
SECTION 4

**West Washington Street
Drainage Study and Project**



Project Area

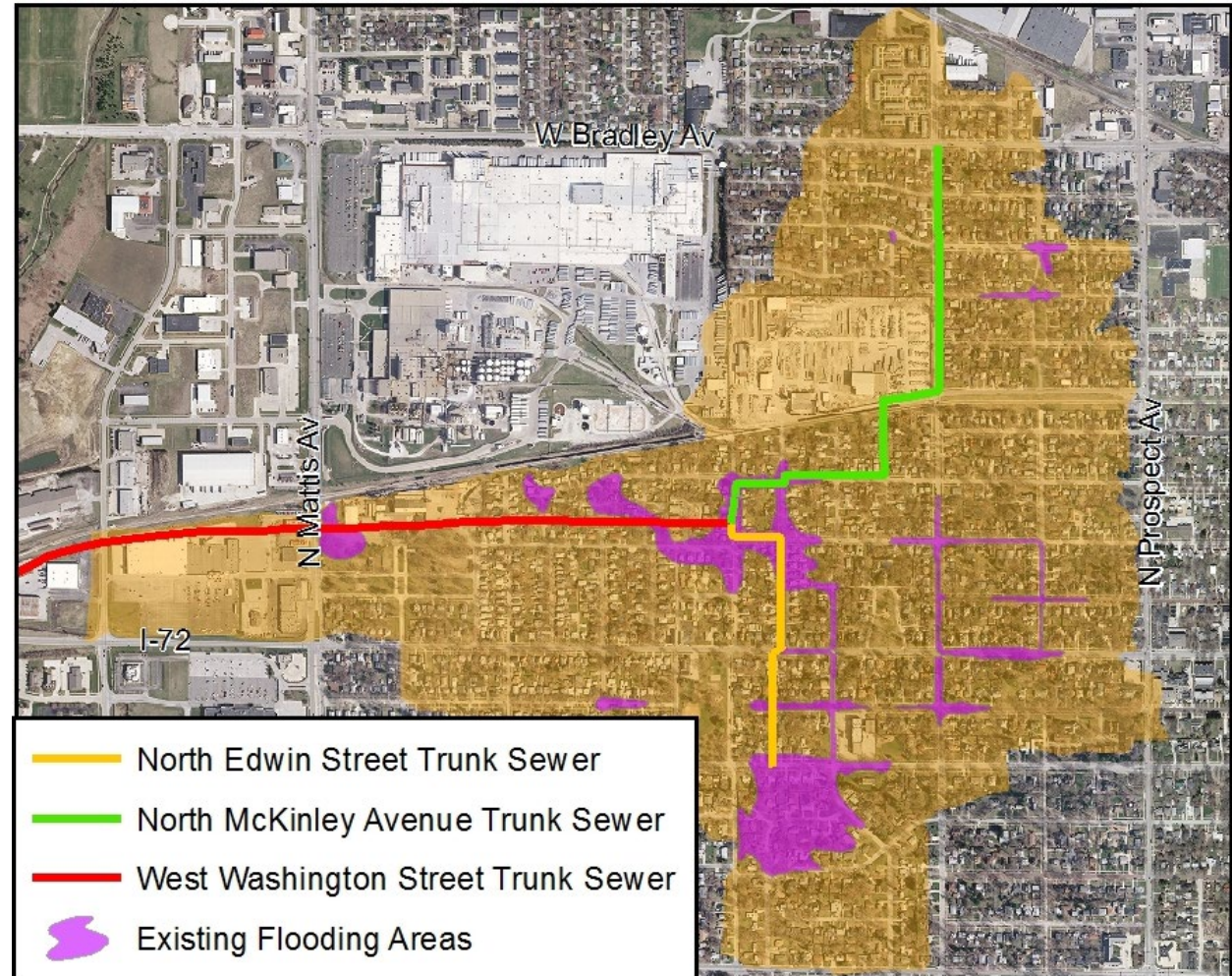
- › Area = 408 ac
- › 36" Drain Tile
- › Rural Drainage





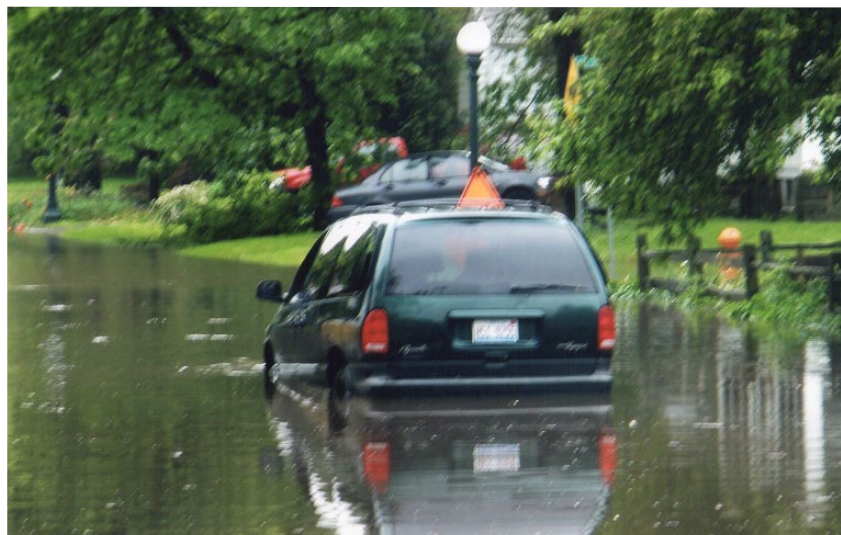
Project Area

- › West Washington Street Watershed Drainage Issues (2009)
 - Limited Sewer Capacity in Trunk Storm Sewers
 - No Detention Ponds
 - No Defined Overland Flow Path
 - Pipe Slope Issues
 - Inlet Capacity Issues
 - Inlet Connectivity Issues
 - Surface Ponding Allows Inflow into Sanitary Sewers





Scope of the Problem





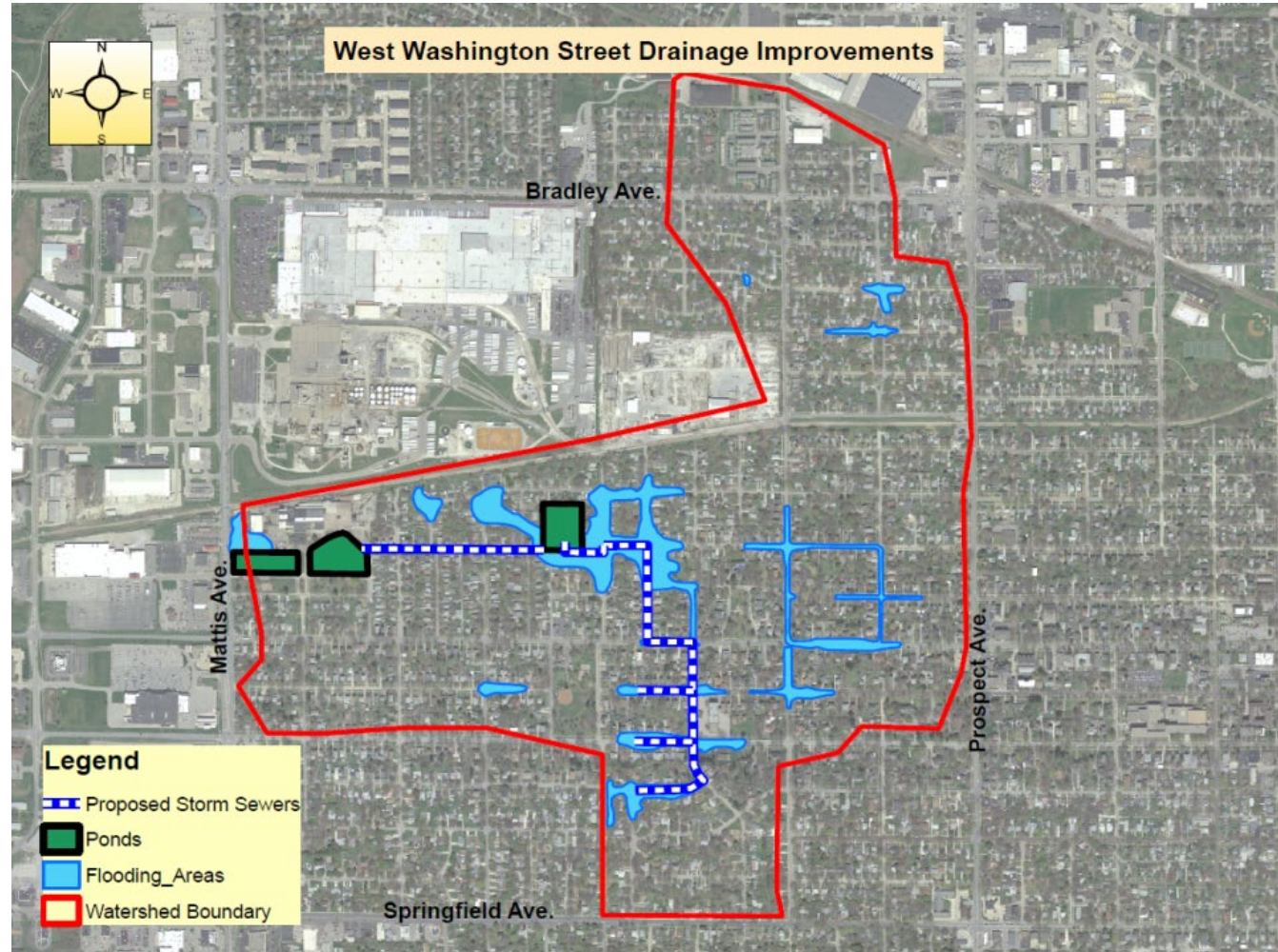
West Washington Street Study

› Goals:

- Identify Problem Areas
- Develop a List of Alternatives
- Analyze Alternatives
- Determine Implementation Strategies
- Identify Levels of Protection

› Collaboration With:

- Steering Committee
- Council Members
- City Staff
- Residents





Study Findings

Proposed Improvements

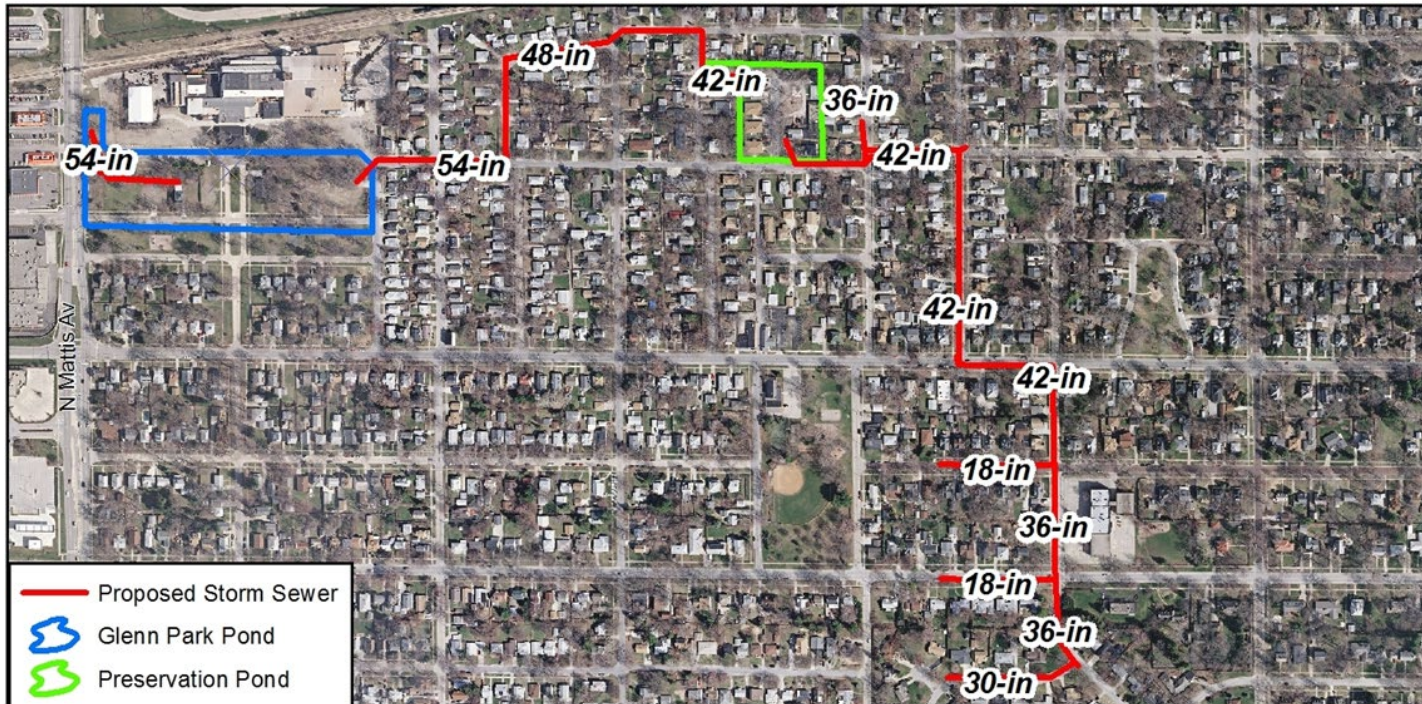
– At Least 40 ac-ft Needed

- Place Near Problem Areas
- Connect Ponds

– Replace Edwin St Trunk Storm Sewer

– Extend Trunk Sewer

- Flora Court Neighborhood



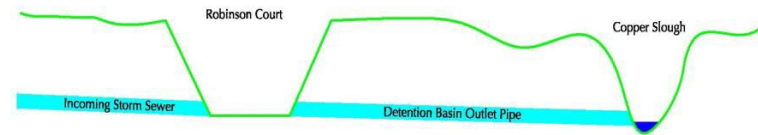


Preservation Pond Summary

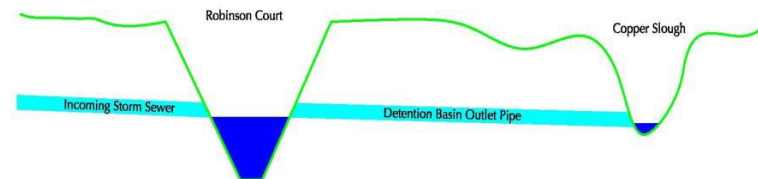
- Goal: Improve Flood Protection Levels
- 11 ac-ft Detention Basin at Robinson Court (Preservation Pond)
- Street Reconstruction
- Green Infrastructure/Landscaping
- Cost = \$2M (plus Land Acquisition)
- Built in 2014/15



Dry Detention Basin Concept



Wet Detention Basin Concept





Preservation Pond Challenges

- › Aesthetics versus Volume
- › Land Acquisition
- › First Project Constructed
- › Located at Worst Flooding Area
- › Setting Expectations
- › Needed to Work with Future Projects





Preservation Pond Results





Preservation Pond Results





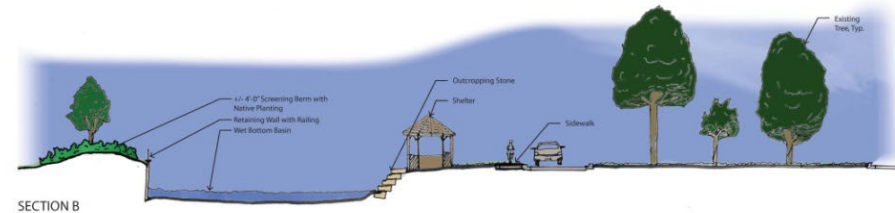
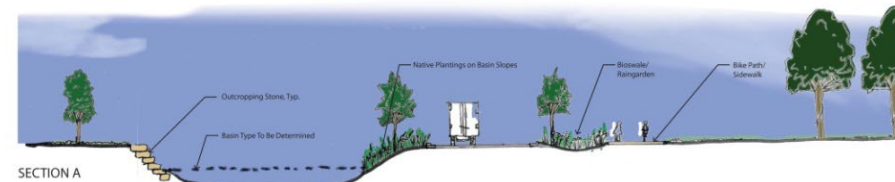
Preservation Pond Results





Glenn Park Summary

- Goal: Improve Flood Protection Levels
- Detention Basins at Glenn Park (17 ac-ft)
- Landscaping
- Construction Cost = \$7M
- Built in 2017/18





Glenn Park Pond Challenges

- › Aesthetics versus Volume
- › Land Acquisition
- › Stakeholder Coordination
 - Modified Entrance/
Intersection
- › Integrate into Existing Park
- › Utility Coordination
- › Maintaining Expectations
- › Unique Features





Glenn Park Pond Results



Glenn Park Pond Results





Glenn Park Pond Results





West Washington Phase 3

- › Goal: Connect Constructed Ponds
- › Storm Sewer and Water Main
- › Complete Streets Approach
- › Rain Gardens
- › Construction Cost = \$12M
- › Built in 2017/18 and 2019/20





SECTION 5

**Garden Hills Neighborhood
Drainage Study and Project**

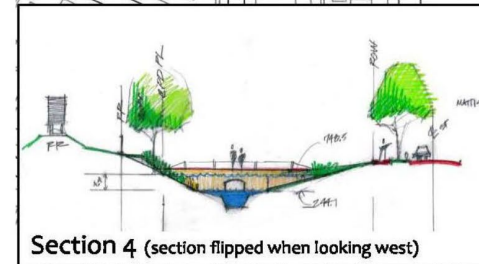
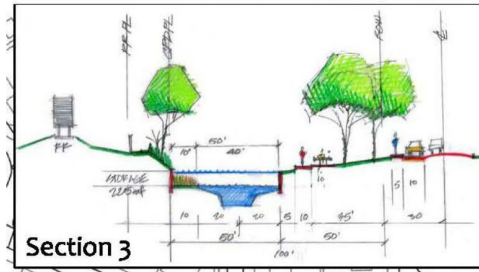
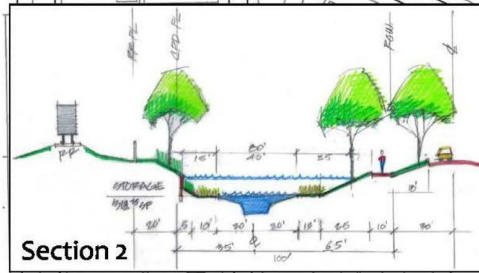
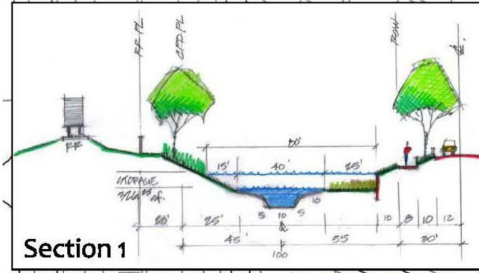
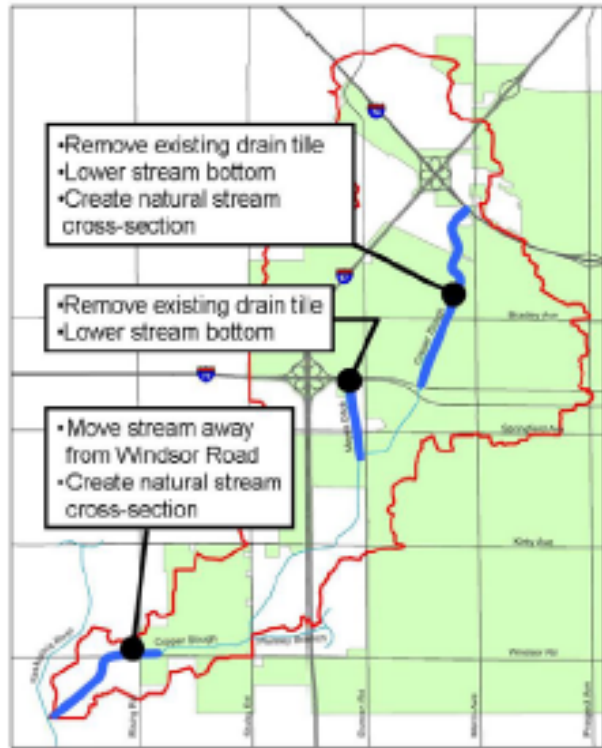
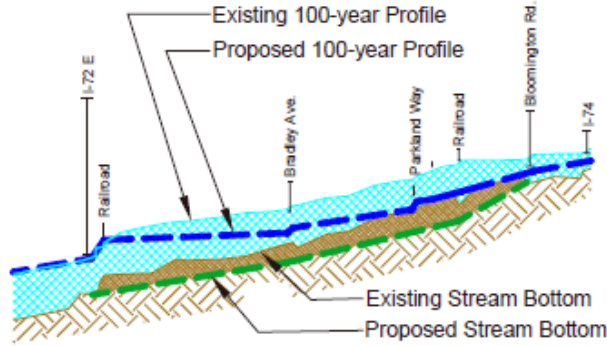


Garden Hills Project Area





Garden Hills Project Evolution





Garden Hills Project Challenges

- › Aesthetics versus Volume
- › Bulletin 75 Rainfall
- › Railroad Coordination
- › Maintaining Expectations
- › Site Constraints
- › Unique Features



Neighborhood children at the flooded playground at Garden Hills Park on July 7, 1992.

Photographer:
John Dixon



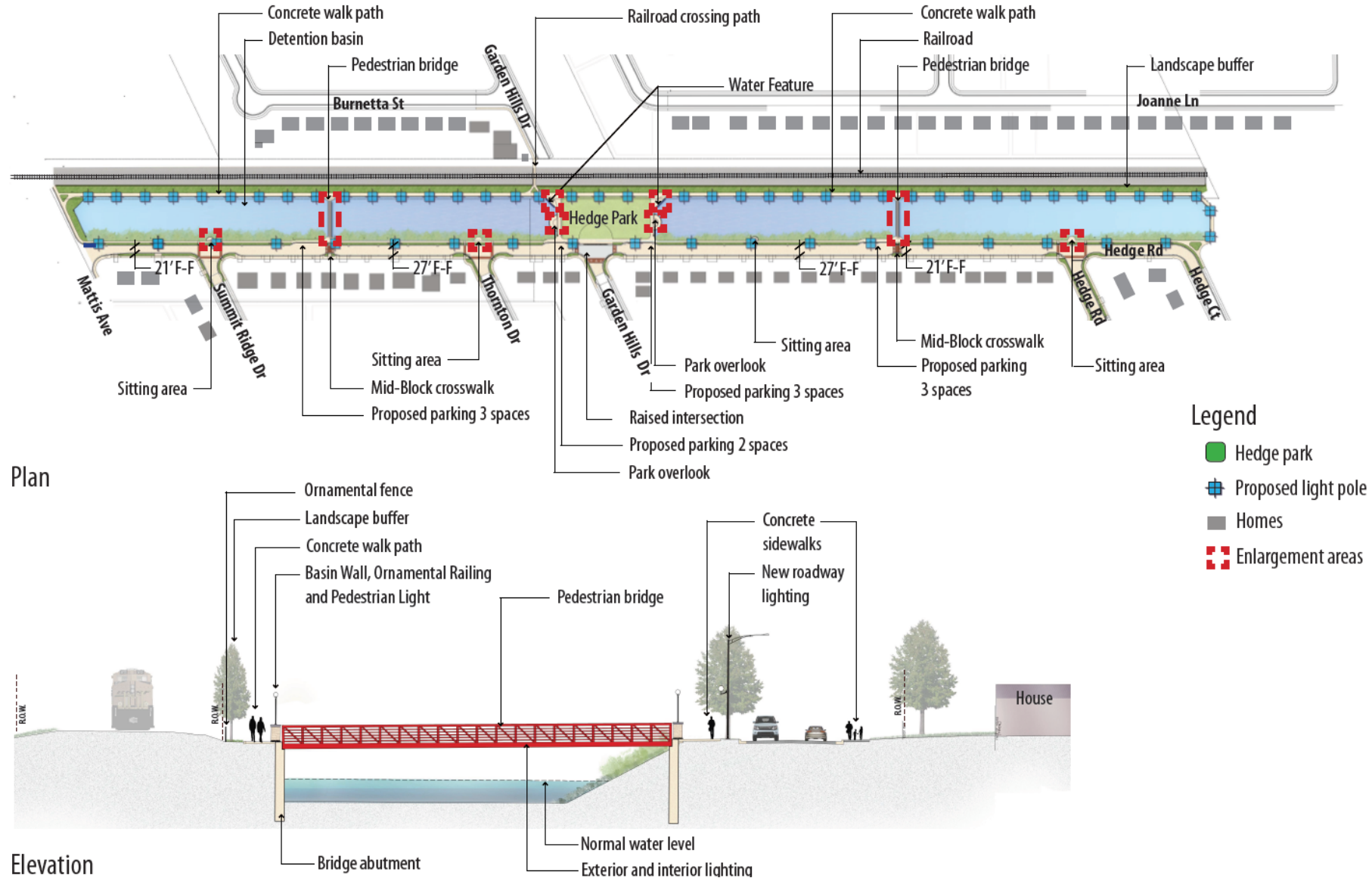


Garden Hills Project Area





Garden Hills Project Concept





Garden Hills Project Concept





SECTION 6

Next Steps in City's
Stormwater Journey



Garden Hills Project Challenges

- › Continue Periodic Stormwater Master Plan Updates
 - 20-30 Year Cycle
 - Stormwater Amenities
- › Greenspace Preservation and Neighborhood Enhancements
 - Stormwater Utility Fee
 - Multifaceted Focused
- › Future
 - Continue Garden Hills Neighborhood Enhancement
 - Look for Additional Decentralized Opportunities
 - Target Downstream Neighborhoods





Questions?